



A Pocket Handbook for the **COMMODORE 64**

BUCKWORTH

Peter Gerrard & Danny Doyle

**A Pocket Handbook
for the Commodore 64**

**A Pocket Handbook
for the
Commodore 64**

**Peter Gerrard
&
Danny Doyle**



Duckworth

First published in 1983 by
Gerald Duckworth & Co. Ltd.
The Old Piano Factory
43 Gloucester Crescent, London NW1

© 1983 by Peter Gerrard

All rights reserved. No part of this publication
may be reproduced, stored in a retrieval system,
or transmitted, in any form or by any means,
electronic, mechanical, photocopying, recording
or otherwise, without the prior permission of the
publisher.

ISBN 0 7156 1787 7

British Library Cataloguing in Publication Data
Gerrard, Peter
A pocket handbook for the Commodore 64.
1 . Commodore 64 (Computer)
I. Title
001.64' QA76.8.C64

ISBN 0-7156-1787-7

Printed in Great Britain by
Redwood Burn Ltd., Trowbridge
and bound by Pegasus Bookbinding, Melksham

Contents

Preface	6
ASCII tables	7
Basic keywords	9
Basic error messages	12
Colour memory	14
Conversion tables	15
Disk commands	19
Disk error messages	21
Disk formats	26
Exramon listing	35
Flow charting	40
Hex/Dec convertor	42
Hyperbolic functions	43
Memory maps	44
Memory architecture	51
M/C instruction set	54
M/C mnemonics	74
Powers tables	76
Cartridge slot	77
Joystick slot	78
RS232 standards	79
Centronics standards	86
Other output	87
Screen memory	89
Sound chip registers	90
Musical notes values	91
Sprite memory diagram	93
Index	95

Preface

This book is a collection of relevant facts and figures about your Commodore 64 computer.

As well as including full memory maps, microprocessor instruction set, computer glossary, interface tables, disk formats, Basic commands, input/output tables, memory architecture, and much more, this conveniently sized book tells you, at a glance, any important fact you need to know when programming and using your computer.

We've tried to include as much relevant material as possible in as small a space as possible. As a result, the majority of this book is simply facts and figures: one day we might write a book with words in it!

We'd like to thank Jim Butterfield (without whom...) for getting the whole Commodore scene rolling in his own inimitable style, anyone who's given us any help, advice and information in compiling this book, the New Inn in Gawcott for providing excellent pints of Marston ales in times of stress, and finally our wives, Penny and Beryl, for putting up with us.

P.G. and D.D.

ASCII tables

Standard ASCII characters (7-bit code)

LSD	MSD	0		1		2		3		4		5		6		7	
		000	001	010	011	100	101	110	111								
0	0000	NUL	DLE	SP	0	@	P	-	p								
1	0001	SOH	DC1	!	1	A	Q	a	q								
2	0010	STX	DC2	"	2	B	R	b	r								
3	0011	ETX	DC3	£	3	C	S	c	s								
4	0100	EOT	DC4	\$	4	D	T	d	t								
5	0101	ENQ	NAK	%	5	E	U	e	u								
6	0110	ACK	SYN	&	6	F	V	f	v								
7	0111	BEL	ETB	'	7	G	W	g	w								
8	1000	BS	CAN	(	8	H	X	h	x								
9	1001	HT	EM	)	9	I	Y	i	y								
A	1010	LF	SUB	*	:	J	Z	j	z								
B	1011	VT	ESC	+	;	K	[	k	l								
C	1100	FF	FS	,	<	L	]	l	m								
D	1101	CR	GS	-	=	M			n								
E	1110	SO	RS	.	>	N											
F	1111	SI	US	/	?	O											DEL

The ASCII symbols.

NUL	- Null	DLE	- Data Link Escape
SOH	- Start of Heading	DC	- Device Control
STX	- Start of Text	NAK	- Negative Acknowledge
ETX	- End of Text	SYN	- Synchronous Idle
EOT	- End of Transmission	ETB	- End of Transmission Block
ENQ	- Enquiry	CAN	- Cancel
ACK	- Acknowledge	EM	- End of Medium
BEL	- Bell (audible alert)	SUB	- Substitute
BS	- Backspace	ESC	- Escape
HT	- Horizontal Tabulation	FS	- File Separator
LF	- Line Feed	GS	- Group Separator
VT	- Vertical Tabulation	RS	- Record Separator
FF	- Form Feed	US	- Unit Separator
CR	- Carriage Return	SP	- Space (Blank)
SO	- Shift Out	DEL	- Delete
SI	- Shift In		

Keyboard CNTL Sequences.

NUL	- CNTL 1	DLE	- CNTL P
SOH	- CNTL A	DC1/2/3/4	- CNTL Q/R/S/T
STX	- CNTL B	NAK	- CNTL U
ETX	- CNTL C	SYN	- CNTL V
EOT	- CNTL D	ETB	- CNTL W
ENQ	- CNTL E	CAN	- CNTL X
ACK	- CNTL F	EM	- CNTL Y
BEL	- CNTL G	SUB	- CNTL Z
BS	- CNTL H/BS	ESC	- ESC
HT	- CNTL I/TAB	FS	- CNTL BACKSLASH
LF	- CNTL J/LF	GS	- CNTL '
VT	- CNTL K	RS	- CNTL =
FF	- CNTL L	US	- CNTL -
CR	- CNTL M/CR	SP	- Space
SO	- CNTL N	SI	- CNTL O

Basic keywords

BASIC Commands

Command	Format
ABS	ABS(<expression>)
AND	<expression> AND <expression>
ASC	ASC(<string>)
ATN	ATN(<number>)
CHR\$	CHR\$(<number>)
CLOSE	CLOSE <file number>
CLR	CLR
CMD	CMD <file number> [,string]
CONT	CONT
COS	COS(<number>)
DATA	DATA <list of constants>
DEF FN	DEF FN<name>(<variable>) = <expression>
DIM	DIM <variable>(<subscripts>)[,<variable>(<subscripts>)...]
END	END
EXP	EXP(<number>)
FN	FN<number>(<number>)
FOR	FOR <variable> = <start> TO <limit> [STEP <increment>]
FRE	FRE(<dummy>)
GET	GET <variable list>
GETF	GETF <file number>, <variable list>
GOSUB	GOSUB <line number>
GOTO	GOTO <line number>
IF	IF <expression> THEN <line number> IF <expression> GOTO <line number> IF <expression> THEN <statement>
INPUT	INPUT ["<prompt>"]; <variable list>
INPUTF	INPUTF <file number>, <variable list>
INT	INT(<numeric>)
LEFT\$	LEFT\$(<string>, <integer>)
LEN	LEN(<string>)
LET	LET <variable> = <expression>
LIST	LIST [[<first-line>]-[<last-line>]]
LOAD	LOAD "<file-name>"[, <device>]
LOG	LOG(<numeric>)
MID\$	MID\$(<string>, <numeric-1>[, <numeric-2>])
NEW	NEW
NEXT	NEXT [<counter>][, <counter>]...
NOT	NOT <expression>
ON	ON <variable> GOTO/GOSUB <line-number> [, <line-number>]...
OPEN	OPEN <file-number>, [<device>][, <address>][, "<file-name>[, <type>][, <mode>]"]
OR	<operand> OR <operand>
PEEK	PEEK(<numeric>)
POKE	POKE <location>, <value>

POS	POS(<dummy>)
PRINT	PRINT [<variable>][<, /><variable>]...
PRINTF	PRINTF <file-number> [, <variable>] [<, /> <variable>]...
READ	READ <variable> [, <variable>]...
REM	REM [<remark>]
RESTORE	RESTORE
RETURN	RETURN
RIGHT\$	RIGHT\$(<string>, <numeric>)
RND	RND(<numeric>)
RUN	RUN [line number]
SAVE	SAVE [<file-name>] [, <device-number>] [, <address>]
SGN	SGN (<numeric>)
SIN	SIN(<numeric>)
SPC	SPC(<numeric>)
SQR	SQR(<NUMERIC>)
STATUS	ST
STOP	STOP
STR\$	STR\$(<numeric>)
SYS	SYS <memory location>
TAB	TAB(<numeric>)
TAN	TAN(<numeric>)
TIME	TI
TIME\$	TI\$
USR	USR(<numeric>)
VAL	VAL(<string>)
VERIFY	VERIFY
WAIT	WAIT <location>, <mask-1> [, <mask-2>]

[] indicates optional.
<> indicates mandatory.
() indicates brackets required.

OUT OF MEMORY There is no more RAM available for program or variables. This may also occur when too many FOR loops have been nested, or when there are too many GOSUBs in effect.

OVERFLOW The result of a computation is larger than the largest number allowed, which is 1.70141884E+38.

REDIM'D ARRAY An array may only be DIMensioned once. If an array variable is used before that array is DIM'd, an automatic DIM operation is performed on that array setting the number of elements to ten, and any subsequent DIMs will cause this error.

REDO FROM START Character data was typed in during an INPUT statement when numeric data was expected. Just re-type the entry so that it is correct, and the program will continue by itself.

RETURN WITHOUT GOSUB A RETURN statement was encountered, and no GOSUB command has been issued.

STRING TOO LONG A string can contain up to 255 characters.

?SYNTAX ERROR A statement is unrecognizable by the Commodore 64. A missing or extra parenthesis, misspelled keywords, etc.

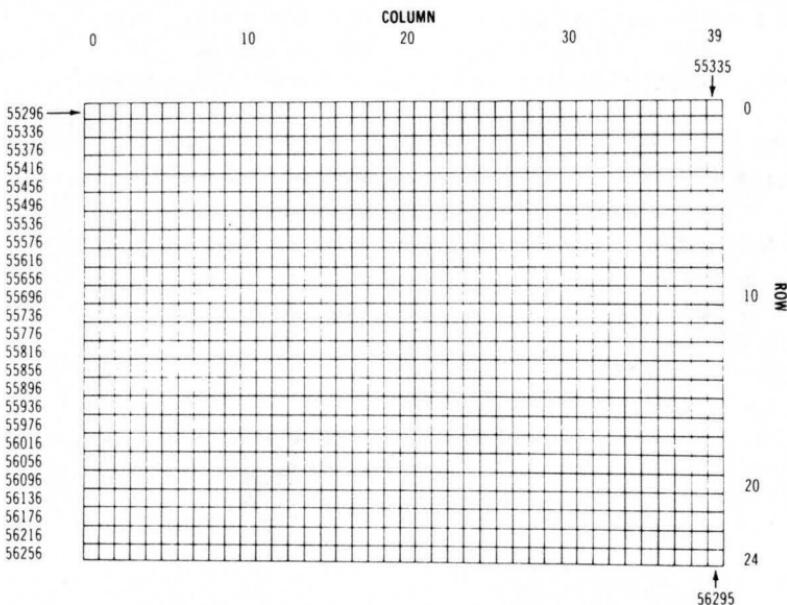
TYPE MISMATCH This error occurs when a number is used in place of a string, or vice-versa.

UNDEF'D FUNCTION A user defined function was referenced, but it has never been defined using the DEF FN statement.

UNDEF'D STATEMENT An attempt was made to GOTO or GOSUB or RUN a line number that doesn't exist.

VERIFY The program on tape or disk does not match the program currently in memory.

Colour memory



ARITHMETIC OPERATORS

SYMBOL	EXAMPLE	PURPOSE
=	10 X = Y	ASSIGNS VALUE TO VARIABLE.
/	10 X = Y / Z	DIVISION.
*	10 X = Y * Z	MULTIPLICATION.
+	10 X = Y + Z	ADDITION.
-	10 X = Y - Z	SUBTRACTION.
=	10 IF X = Y THEN	TEST FOR EQUALITY.
<>	10 IF X <> Y THEN	TEST FOR INEQUALITY.
<	10 IF X < Y THEN	TEST FOR LESS THAN.
>	10 IF X > Y THEN	TEST FOR GREATER THAN.
<=	10 IF X <= Y THEN	TEST FOR LESS THAN OR EQUAL TO.
>=	10 IF X >= Y THEN	TEST FOR GREATER THAN OR EQUAL TO
AND	10 IF X AND Y THEN	LOGICAL AND.
OR	10 IF X OR Y THEN	LOGICAL OR.
NOT	10 IF NOT X THEN	LOGICAL NEGATION.
[]	10 PRINT X[]Y	EXPONENTIATION.

ARITHMETIC FUNCTIONS

FUNCTION	EXAMPLE	DESCRIPTION
ABS	10 Z = ABS(X)	RETURNS MAGNITUDE OF ARGUMENT IRRESPECTIVE OF SIGN.
ATN	10 Z = ATN(X)	RETURNS ARCTANGENT OF ARGUMENT. Z GIVEN IN RADIANS.
COS	10 Z = COS(X)	RETURNS COSINE OF ARGUMENT. X MUST BE IN RADIANS.
EXP	10 Z = EXP(X)	RETURNS MATHEMATICAL CONSTANT 'E' RAISED TO POWER OF X.
INT	10 Z = INT(X)	RETURNS INTEGER PART OF X.
LOG	10 Z = LOG(X)	RETURNS NATURAL LOG OF ARGUMENT. X MUST BE GREATER OR EQUAL TO 0.
RND	10 Z = RND(X)	RETURNS RANDOM NUMBER BETWEEN ZERO AND ONE.
SGN	10 Z = SGN(X)	RETURNS MATHEMATICAL SIGN OF ARGUMENT.
SQR	10 Z = SQR(X)	RETURNS SQUARE ROOT OF ARGUMENT.
TAN	10 Z = TAN(X)	RETURNS TANGENT OF ARGUMENT. X MUST BE IN RADIANS.

Basic error messages

BAD DATA String data was received from an open file, but the program was expecting numeric data.

BAD SUBSCRIPT The program was trying to reference an element of an array whose number is outside of the range specified in the DIM statement.

CAN'T CONTINUE The CONT command will not work, either because the program was never RUN, there has been an error, or a line has been edited.

DEVICE NOT PRESENT The required I/O device was not available for an OPEN, CLOSE, CMD, PRINT#, INPUT#, or GET#.

DIVISION BY ZERO Division by zero is a mathematical oddity and not allowed.

EXTRA IGNORED Too many items of data were typed in response to an INPUT statement. Only the first few items were accepted.

FILE NOT FOUND If you were looking for a file on tape, and END-OF-TAPE marker was found. If you were looking on disk, no file with that name exists.

FILE NOT OPEN The file specified in a CLOSE, CMD, PRINT#, INPUT#, or GET#, must first be OPENed.

FILE OPEN An attempt was made to open a file using the number of an already open file.

FORMULA TOO COMPLEX The string expression being evaluated should be split into at least two parts for the system to work with.

ILLEGAL DIRECT The INPUT statement can only be used within a program, and not in direct mode.

ILLEGAL QUANTITY A number used as the argument of a function or statement is out of the allowable range.

LOAD There is a problem with the program on tape.

NEXT WITHOUT FOR This is caused by either incorrectly nesting loops or having a variable name in a NEXT statement that doesn't correspond with one in a FOR statement.

NOT INPUT FILE An attempt was made to INPUT or GET data from a file which was specified to be for output only.

NOT OUTPUT FILE An attempt was made to PRINT data to a file which was specified as input only.

OUT OF DATA A READ statement was executed but there is no data left unread in a DATA statement.

Conversion tables

Code Conversion Table

Dec	Oct	Hex	6502 Instruction	Poke 1	Poke 2	CHR\$	Asc	Token	Binary
0	000	00	BRK	@	@	NUL			0000 0000
1	001	01	DRA (Ind,X)	A	a	SOH			0000 0001
2	002	02	-	B	b	STX			0000 0010
3	003	03	-	C	c	ETX			0000 0011
4	004	04	-	D	d	EOT			0000 0100
5	005	05	ORA 0-Page	E	e	ENQ			0000 0101
6	006	06	ASL 0-Page	F	f	ACK			0000 0110
7	007	07	-	G	g	BEL			0000 0111
8	010	08	PHP	H	h	BS			0000 1000
9	011	09	ORA Immediate	I	i	HT			0000 1001
10	012	0A	ASL Accum.	J	j	LF			0000 1010
11	013	0B	-	K	k	VT			0000 1011
12	014	0C	-	L	l	FF			0000 1100
13	015	0D	ORA Absolute	M	m	CR			0000 1101
14	016	0E	ASL Absolute	N	n	SD			0000 1110
15	017	0F	-	O	o	SI			0000 1111
16	020	10	BFL	P	p	DLE			0001 0000
17	021	11	ORA (Ind),Y	Q	q	CRSR DN	DC1		0001 0001
18	022	12	-	R	r	RVS ON	DC2		0001 0010
19	023	13	-	S	s	HOME	DC3		0001 0011
20	024	14	-	T	t	DEL	DC4		0001 0100
21	025	15	ORA 0-Page,X	U	u	NAK			0001 0101
22	026	16	ASL 0-Page,X	V	v	SYN			0001 0110
23	027	17	-	W	w	ETB			0001 0111
24	030	18	CLC	X	x	CAN			0001 1000
25	031	19	ORA Abs,Y	Y	y	EM			0001 1001
26	032	1A	-	Z	z	SUB			0001 1010
27	033	1B	-	[	[	ESC			0001 1011
28	034	1C	-	]	]	FS			0001 1100
29	035	1D	ORA Abs,X	J	J	GS			0001 1101
30	036	1E	ASL Abs,X	-	-	RS			0001 1110
31	037	1F	-	-	-	US			0001 1111

Code Conversion Table

Dec	Oct	Hex	6502 Instruction	Poke U	Poke L	CHR\$ U	CHR\$ L	Std Asc	Token	Binary
32	040	20	JSR	SPC	SPC	SPC	SPC	SPC		0010 0000
33	041	21	AND (Ind,X)	"	"	"	"	"		0010 0001
34	042	22	-	£	£	£	£	£		0010 0010
35	043	23	-	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$		0010 0100
36	044	24	BIT 0-Page	%	%	%	%	%		0010 0101
37	045	25	AND 0-Page	-	-	-	-	-		0010 0110
38	046	26	ROL 0-Page	&	&	&	&	&		0010 0111
39	047	27	-	,	,	,	,	,		0010 1000
40	050	28	PLP	(	(	(	(	(		0010 1001
41	051	29	AND Immediate	)	)	)	)	)		0010 1010
42	052	2A	ROL Accum.	*	*	*	*	*		0010 1011
43	053	2B	-	+	+	+	+	+		0010 1100
44	054	2C	BIT Absolute	*	*	*	*	*		0010 1101
45	055	2D	AND Absolute	-	-	-	-	-		0010 1101
46	056	2E	ROL Absolute	-	-	-	-	-		0010 1110
47	057	2F	-	/	/	/	/	/		0010 1111
48	060	30	BMI	0	0	0	0	0		0011 0000
49	061	31	AND (Ind),Y	1	1	1	1	1		0011 0001
50	062	32	-	2	2	2	2	2		0011 0010
51	063	33	-	3	3	3	3	3		0011 0011
52	064	34	-	4	4	4	4	4		0011 0100
53	065	35	AND 0-Page,X	5	5	5	5	5		0011 0101
54	066	36	ROL 0-Page,X	6	6	6	6	6		0011 0110
55	067	37	-	7	7	7	7	7		0011 0111
56	070	38	SEC	8	8	8	8	8		0011 1000
57	071	39	AND Abs,Y	9	9	9	9	9		0011 1001
58	072	3A	-	:	:	:	:	:		0011 1010
59	073	3B	-	;	;	;	;	;		0011 1011
60	074	3C	-	<	<	<	<	<		0011 1100
61	075	3D	AND Abs,X	=	=	=	=	=		0011 1101
62	076	3E	ROL Abs,X	>	>	>	>	>		0011 1110
63	077	3F	-	?	?	?	?	?		0011 1111

Code Conversion Table

Dec	Oct	Hex	6502 Instruction	Poke	CHR\$	Std		Binary
				U L	U L	Asc	Token	
64	100	40	RTI	e e	e			0100 0000
65	101	41	EOR (Ind,X)	A A	a a	A		0100 0001
66	102	42	-	B B	b b	B		0100 0010
67	103	43	-	C C	c c	C		0100 0011
68	104	44	-	D D	d d	D		0100 0100
69	105	45	EOR 0-Page	E E	e e	E		0100 0101
70	106	46	LSR 0-Page	F F	f f	F		0100 0110
71	107	47	-	G G	g g	G		0100 0111
72	110	48	PHA	H H	h h	H		0100 1000
73	111	49	EOR Immediate	I I	i i	I		0100 1001
74	112	4A	LSR Accum.	J J	j j	J		0100 1010
75	113	4B	-	K K	k k	K		0100 1011
76	114	4C	JMP Absolute	L L	l l	L		0100 1100
77	115	4D	EOR Absolute	M M	m m	M		0100 1101
78	116	4E	LSR Absolute	N N	n n	N		0100 1110
79	117	4F	-	O O	o o	O		0100 1111
80	120	50	BVC	P P	p p	P		0101 0000
81	121	51	EOR (Ind),Y	Q Q	q q	Q		0101 0001
82	122	52	-	R R	r r	R		0101 0010
83	123	53	-	S S	s s	S		0101 0011
84	124	54	-	T T	t t	T		0101 0100
85	125	55	EOR 0-Page,X	U U	u u	U		0101 0101
86	126	56	LSR 0-Page,X	V V	v v	V		0101 0110
87	127	57	-	W W	w w	W		0101 0111
88	130	58	CLI	X X	x x	X		0101 1000
89	131	59	EOR Abs,Y	Y Y	y y	Y		0101 1001
90	132	5A	-	Z Z	z z	Z		0101 1010
91	133	5B	-	[]	[]	[]		0101 1011
92	134	5C	-					0101 1100
93	135	5D	EOR Abs,X	J J	J J	J		0101 1101
94	136	5E	LSR Abs,X	-				0101 1110
95	137	5F	-					0101 1111

Code Conversion Table

Dec	Oct	Hex	6502 Instruction	Poke	CHR\$	Asc	Token	Binary
				1 2				
96	140	60	RTS	-				0110 0000
97	141	61	ADC (Ind,X)	a				0110 0001
98	142	62	-	b				0110 0010
99	143	63	-	c				0110 0011
100	144	64	-	d				0110 0100
101	145	65	ADC 0-Page	e				0110 0101
102	146	66	ROR 0-page	f				0110 0110
103	147	67	-	g				0110 0111
104	150	68	PLA	h				0110 1000
105	151	69	ADC Immediate	i				0110 1001
106	152	6A	ROR Accum.	j				0110 1010
107	153	6B	-	k				0110 1011
108	154	6C	JMP Indirect	l				0110 1100
109	155	6D	ADC Absolute	m				0110 1101
110	156	6E	ROR Absolute	n				0110 1110
111	157	6F	-	o				0110 1111
112	160	70	BVS	p				0111 0000
113	161	71	ADC (Ind),Y	q				0111 0001
114	162	72	-	r				0111 0010
115	163	73	-	s				0111 0011
116	164	74	-	t				0111 0100
117	165	75	ADC 0-Page,X	u				0111 0101
118	166	76	ROR 0-Page,X	v				0111 0110
119	167	77	-	w				0111 0111
120	170	78	SEI	x				0111 1000
121	171	79	ADC Abs,Y	y				0111 1001
122	172	7A	-	z				0111 1010
123	173	7B	-	?				0111 1011
124	174	7C	-	?				0111 1100
125	175	7D	ADC Abs,X	?				0111 1101
126	176	7E	ROR Abs,X	?				0111 1110
127	177	7F	-	DEL				0111 1111

Code Conversion Table

Dec	Oct	Hex	Instruction	6502		CHR\$	Asc	Token	Binary
				1	2				
128	200	80	-					END	1000 0000
129	201	81	STA (Ind,X)					FOR	1000 0001
130	202	82	-					NEXT	1000 0010
131	203	83	-					DATA	1000 0011
132	204	84	STY 0-Page					INPUT#	1000 0100
133	205	85	STA 0-Page					INPUT	1000 0101
134	206	86	STX 0-Page					DIM	1000 0110
135	207	87	-					READ	1000 0111
136	210	88	DEY					LET	1000 1000
137	211	89	-					GOTO	1000 1001
138	212	8A	TXA					RUN	1000 1010
139	213	8B	-					IF	1000 1011
140	214	8C	STY Absolute					RESTORE	1000 1100
141	215	8D	STA Absolute					GOSUB	1000 1101
142	216	8E	STX Absolute					RETURN	1000 1110
143	217	8F	-					REM	1000 1111
144	220	90	BCC					STOP	1001 0000
145	221	91	STA (Ind),Y					ON	1001 0001
146	222	92	-					WAIT	1001 0010
147	223	93	-					LOAD	1001 0011
148	224	94	STY 0-Page,X					SAVE	1001 0100
149	225	95	STA 0-Page,X					VERIFY	1001 0101
150	226	96	STX 0-Page,Y					DEF	1001 0110
151	227	97	-					POKE	1001 0111
152	230	98	TYA					PRINT#	1001 1000
153	231	99	STA Abs,Y					PRINT	1001 1001
154	232	9A	TXS					CONT	1001 1010
155	233	9B	-					LIST	1001 1011
156	234	9C	-					CLR	1001 1100
157	235	9D	STA Abs,X					CMD	1001 1101
158	236	9E	-					SYS	1001 1110
159	237	9F	-					OPEN	1001 1111
160	240	A0	LDY Immediate					CLOSE	1010 0000
161	241	A1	LDA (Ind,X)					GET	1010 0001
162	242	A2	LDX Immediate					NEW	1010 0010
163	243	A3	-					TAB(	1010 0011
164	244	A4	LDY 0-Page					TO	1010 0100
165	245	A5	LDA 0-Page					FN	1010 0101
166	246	A6	LDX 0-Page					SPC(	1010 0110
167	247	A7	-					THEN	1010 0111
168	250	AB	TAY					NOT	1010 1000
169	251	A9	LDA Immediate					STEP	1010 1001
170	252	AA	TAX					+	1010 1010
171	253	AB	-					-	1010 1011
172	254	AC	LDY Absolute					*	1010 1100
173	255	AD	LDA Absolute					/	1010 1101
174	256	AE	LDX Absolute						1010 1110
175	257	AF	-					AND	1010 1111
176	260	B0	BCS					OR	1011 0000
177	261	B1	LDA (Ind),Y					>	1011 0001
178	262	B2	-					=	1011 0010
179	263	B3	-					<	1011 0011
180	264	B4	LDY 0-Page,X					SGN	1011 0100
181	265	B5	LDA 0-Page,X					INT	1011 0101
182	266	B6	LDX 0-Page,Y					ABS	1011 0110
183	267	B7	-					USR	1011 0111
184	270	BB	CLV					FRE	1011 1000
185	271	B9	LDA Abs,Y					POS	1011 1001
186	272	BA	TSX					SQR	1011 1010
187	273	BB	-					RND	1011 1011
188	274	BC	LDY Abs,X					LOG	1011 1100
189	275	BD	LDA Abs,X					EXP	1011 1101
190	276	BE	LDX Abs,Y					COS	1011 1110
191	277	BF	-					SIN	1011 1111
192	300	C0	CPY Immediate					TAN	1100 0000
193	301	C1	CMP (Ind,X)					ATN	1100 0001
194	302	C2	-					PEEK	1100 0010
195	303	C3	-					LEN	1100 0011
196	304	C4	CPY 0-Page					STR\$	1100 0100
197	305	C5	CMP 0-Page					VAL	1100 0101
198	306	C6	DEC 0-Page					ASC	1100 0110
199	307	C7	-					CHR\$	1100 0111
200	310	CB	INY					LEFT\$	1100 1000
201	311	C9	CMP Immediate					RIGHT\$	1100 1001
202	312	CA	DEX					MID\$	1100 1010
203	313	CB	-						1100 1011

Code Conversion Table

Dec	Oct	Hex	Instruction	Poke		CHR\$	Asc	Token	Binary
				1	2				
204	314	CC	CPY Absolute						1100 1100
205	315	CD	CMP Absolute						1100 1101
206	316	CE	DEC Absolute						1100 1110
207	317	CF	-						1100 1111
208	320	D0	BNE						1101 0000
209	321	D1	CMP (Ind),Y						1101 0001
210	322	D2	-						1101 0010
211	323	D3	-						1101 0011
212	324	D4	-						1101 0100
213	325	D5	CMP 0-Page,X						1101 0101
214	326	D6	DEC 0-Page,X						1101 0110
215	327	D7	-						1101 0111
216	330	D8	CLD						1101 1000
217	331	D9	CMP Abs,Y						1101 1001
218	332	DA	-						1101 1010
219	333	DB	-						1101 1011
220	334	DC	-						1101 1100
221	335	DD	CMP Abs,X						1101 1101
222	336	DE	DEC Abs,X						1101 1110
223	337	DF	-						1101 1111
224	340	E0	CPX Immediate						1110 0000
225	341	E1	SBC (Ind,X)						1110 0001
226	342	E2	-						1110 0010
227	343	E3	-						1110 0011
228	344	E4	CPX 0-Page						1110 0100
229	345	E5	SBX 0-Page						1110 0101
230	346	E6	INC 0-Page						1110 0110
231	347	E7	-						1110 0111
232	350	E8	INX						1110 1000
233	351	E9	SBC Immediate						1110 1001
234	352	EA	NOP						1110 1010
235	353	EB	-						1110 1011
236	354	EC	CPX Absolute						1110 1100
237	355	ED	SBC Absolute						1110 1101
238	356	EE	INC Absolute						1110 1110
239	357	EF	-						1110 1111
240	360	F0	BEQ						1111 0000
241	361	F1	SBC (Ind),Y						1111 0001
242	362	F2	-						1111 0010
243	363	F3	-						1111 0011
244	364	F4	-						1111 0100
245	365	F5	SBC 0-Page,X						1111 0101
246	366	F6	INC 0-Page,X						1111 0110
247	367	F7	-						1111 0111
248	370	F8	SED						1111 1000
249	371	F9	SBC Abs,Y						1111 1001
250	372	FA	-						1111 1010
251	373	FB	-						1111 1011
252	374	FC	-						1111 1100
253	375	FD	SBC Abs,X						1111 1101
254	376	FE	INC Abs,X						1111 1110
255	377	FF	-						1111 1111

Disk commands

DISKETTE COMMAND SUMMARY BASIC 4.0

APPEND F<file number>,"<name>":,D<x>;:ON U<y>;
Append data to the end of a sequential
file.

BACKUP D<x> TO D<y> :ON U<z>;
Duplicate entire contents of one disk
onto another.

CATALOG/DIRECTORY :D<x>;:ON U<y>;
Display disk directory on screen.

COLLECT :D<x>;:ON U<y>;
Release space allocated to improperly
closed files.

CONCAT :D<x>,;"<name1>" TO :D<y>,;"name2">:ON U<z>;
Concatenate sequential files.

COPY :D<x>,;"<name1>" TO :D<y>,;"<name2>": ON U<z>;
Make a copy of a file within a disk unit.

DCLOSE :F<1>; :ON U<x>;
Close disk files.

DLOAD "<name>":,D<x>; :ON U<y>;
Load BASIC program file from disk.

DOPEN F<1>,"<name>":,L<y>;:,D<x>; :ON U<z>; :,W;
Declare a sequential or random access
file for read or write.

DSAVE "<name>":,D<x>; :ON U<y>;
Save a BASIC program file to disk.

HEADER "<disk name>",D<x>,I<zz>; :ON U<y>;
To format a blank disk or clear an old
disk.

RECORD F<logical file>,<record>:,<byte>;
Used before GETF, INPUTF or PRINTF to
position record pointer in a random
access file.

RENAME :D<x>,;"<old name>" TO "<new name>":ON U<y>;
Change the name of a disk file.

SCRATCH "<name>":,Dx; :ON U<y>;
Delete a disk file.

DISKETTE COMMAND SUMMARY BASIC 2.0

(APPEND) Not available.

(BACKUP) PRINT£15,"D<y> = x"

(CATALOG/ LOAD "\$D<x>:?...name:*;::P/S;;
DIRECTORY)

(COLLECT) PRINT£15,"VD<x>"

(CONCAT) PRINT£15,"CD<y>:<name3>=D<y>:<name2>,D<x>:
<name1>"

(COPY) PRINT£15,"CD<y>:<name2>=D<x>:<name1>"

(DCLOSE) CLOSE <file number>

(DLOAD) LOAD "D<x>:<filename>:*;"

(DOPEN) OPEN <file number>,;,<device>;,;<address>;
.."<filename>:,<type>;,;<mode>;";

(DSAVE) SAVE :<filename>;;,<device>;

(HEADER) PRINT£15,"ND<x>:filename,I<zz>"

(RECORD) Not available.

(RENAME) PRINT£15,"RD<x>:<name2>=<name1>"

(SCRATCH) PRINT£15,"SD<x>:<filename>:*;/*"

Disk error messages

DOS ERROR MESSAGES

OK (00 00 00)

No errors encountered.

FILES SCRATCHED (00 f Files 00)

Files scratched.

BLOCK HEADER NOT FOUND (20 T S)

Disk controller is unable to locate the header of the requested data block. Caused by an illegal sector number, or the header has been destroyed.

NO SYNC CHARACTER (21 T S)

Disk controller is unable to detect a sync mark on the desired track. Caused by misalignment of the read/write head or no diskette is present. Can also indicate a hardware failure.

DATA BLOCK NOT PRESENT (22 T S)

Disk controller has been requested to read or verify a data block which was not properly written. This error message occurs in conjunction with the BLOCK COMMANDS and indicates an illegal track and/or sector request.

CHECKSUM ERROR IN DATA BLOCK (23 T S)

This error message indicates that there is an error in one or more of the data bytes. The data has been read into the DOS memory, but the checksum over the data is in error. This message may also indicate grounding problems.

BYTE DECODING ERROR (24 T S)

The data or header has been read into the DOS memory, but a hardware error has been created due to an invalid bit pattern in the data byte. This message may also indicate grounding problems.

CHECKSUM ERROR IN HEADER (27 T S)

Disk controller has detected an error in the header of the requested data block. The block has not been read into the DOS memory. This message may also indicate grounding problems.

WRITE-VERIFY ERROR (25 T S)

This message is generated if the controller detects a mis-match between the written data and the data in the DOS memory.

WRITE PROTECT ON (26 T S)

This message is generated when the controller has been requested to write a data block while the write protect switch is depressed. Typically, this is caused by using a diskette with a write protect tab over the notch.

LONG DATA BLOCK (28 T S)

The controller attempts to detect the sync mark of the next header after writing a data block. If the sync mark does not appear within a pre-determined time, the error message is generated. The error message is caused by a bad diskette format (the data extends into the next block), or by a hardware failure.

DISK ID MIS-MATCH (29 T S)

This message is generated when the controller has been requested to access a diskette which has not been initialised. This error can also occur if a diskette has a bad header.

GENERAL SYNTAX (30 00 00)

The DOS cannot interpret the command sent to the command channel. Typically, this is caused by an illegal number of file names, or patterns are illegally used. For example, two file names may appear on the left side of the COPY command.

INVALID COMMAND (31 00 00)

The DOS does not recognise the command. The command must start in the first position.

LONG LINE (32 00 00)

The command sent is longer than forty characters.

INVALID FILE NAME (33 00 00)

Pattern matching is invalidly used in the OPEN, or SAVE command.

NO FILE GIVEN (34 00 00)

The file name was left out of the command, or the DOS does not recognise it as such. Typically, a quotation mark ("") or colon (:) has been left out of the command.

INVALID DOS COMMAND (39 00 00)

An unrecognisable DOS command was received.

RECORD NOT PRESENT (50 00 00)

An INPUTf or GETf statement selected a record beyond the current end of file. This is an error if you are attempting to read a record; it is not necessarily an error if you are positioning to the end of the file in order to add new records to an old file.

OVERFLOW IN RECORD (51 T S)

A PRINTf statement attempted to write more than the allowed number of characters to a relative file. The terminating carriage return is counted as one character when computing record length.

FILE TOO LARGE (52 T S)

The current record position will result in disk overflow on the next write-to-disk operation.

WRITE FILE OPEN (60 00 00)

This message is generated when a write file that has not been closed is being opened for reading.

FILE NOT OPEN (61 00 00)

This message is generated when a file is being accessed that has not been opened in the DOS. Sometimes, in this case, a message is not

generated; the request is simply ignored.

FILE NOT FOUND (62 00 00)

The requested file does not exist on the indicated drive.

FILE EXISTS (63 00 00)

The file name of the file being created already exists on the diskette.

FILE TYPE MIS-MATCH (64 00 00)

The file type does not match the file type in the directory entry for the requested file.

NO BLOCK (65 T S)

This message occurs in conjunction with the B-A command. It indicates that the block to be allocated has been previously allocated. The parameters indicate the next higher in number available track and sector. If the parameters are zero, then all blocks higher in number are in use.

ILLEGAL TRACK & SECTOR (66 T S)

An attempt has been made to access a sector that does not physically exist. The track and/or sector number specified is out of the allowed range for the current diskette. Unless you are using random access files, you should never see this error code.

ILLEGAL SYSTEM TRACK & SECTOR (67 T S)

When accessing program or data files, an attempt has been made to access a sector that is reserved for use by the DOS.

NO CHANNEL (70 00 00)

The requested channel is not available, or all channels are in use. A maximum of five sequential files may be opened at one time to the DOS. Direct access channels may have six open files.

DIR (71 00 00)

The BAM does not match the internal count. There is a problem in the BAM allocation or the BAM has

been over-written in DOS memory. To correct this problem re-initialise the diskette to restore the BAM in memory. Some active files may be terminated by the corrective action.

DISK FULL (72 00 00)

Either the blocks on the diskette are used, or the directory is at its limit (152 entries).

DOS MIS-MATCH (73 00 00)

Data written to a diskette using any one version of DOS may be read using any other version of DOS. However, you must write to a diskette using the same DOS version with which the diskette was initialised. Error 73 is reported if you attempt to write to a diskette using a different version of DOS from the one which created and initialised the diskette.

DRIVE NOT READY (74 00 00)

An attempt has been made to access the 8050 diskette unit with the selective drive.

STRUCTURE OF INDIVIDUAL DIRECTORY ENTRIES.

BYTE	DEFINITION
0	File flag OR'ed with \$80 0 = DELETED 1 = SEQ 2 = PRG 3 = REL
1-2	First data block track and sector.
3-18	Reserved for file name.
19-20	Track and sector of first side sector block (REL files only).
21	Record size for REL files.
22-25	Not used.
26-27	Track and sector of replacement file using '@' operations.
28-29	Number of blocks in file.

STANDARD FILE FORMATS.

BYTE	DEFINITION
0-1	Track and sector of next sequential block.
2-255	Reserved for file storage.

STRUCTURE OF BAM ENTRY.

BYTE	DEFINITION
0	Number of available sectors.
1	Bit map for sectors 00-07.
2	Bit map for sectors 08-15.
3	Bit map for sectors 16-23.
4	8050 only: Bit map for sectors for 24-31.

RELATIVE FILES ONLY.
Side sector blocks.

BYTE	DEFINITION
0-1	Track and sector of next side sector block.
2	Side sector number.
3	Record length.
4-5	Track and sector of first side sector.
6-7	Track and sector of second side sector.
8-9	Track and sector of third side sector.
10-11	Track and sector of fourth side sector.
12-13	Track and sector of fifth side sector.
14-15	Track and sector of sixth side sector.
16-255	Track and sector pointers to data blocks.

8050 BAM FORMAT.
Track 38, Sector 00.

BYTE	CONTENTS	DEFINITION
0-1	38,3	Track and sector of second BAM block.
2	67	Indicates 8050.
3	0	NULL flag.
4	1	Lowest track number in this BAM block.
5	51	Highest track number plus 1 in this BAM block.
6	-	Number of unused blocks on track 1.
7-10	-	Bit map of available blocks on track 1.
11-255	-	5 bytes each for BAM of tracks 2-50.

8050 BAM FORMAT.
Track 38, Sector 03.

BYTE	CONTENTS	DEFINITION
0-1	39,1	Track and sector of first directory block.
2	67	Indicates 8050.
3	0	NULL flag.
4	51	Lowest track number.
5	-	Highest track number plus 1.
6	78	Number of unused block on track 51.
7-10	-	Bit map of available blocks on track 51.
11-140	-	5 bytes each for BAM of tracks 52-77.
144-255	-	Not used.

COMMON DIRECTORY FORMAT
For 2040/3040/4040/1540/1541: Track 18, Sector 01.
For 8050: Track 39, Sector 01

BYTE DEFINITION

0-1	Track and sector of next directory block.
2-31	File entry £1.
34-63	File entry £2.
66-95	File entry £3.
98-127	File entry £4.
130-159	File entry £5.
162-191	File entry £6.
194-223	File entry £7.
226-255	File entry £8.

DISK FORMATS

2040/3040 BAM & HEADER.
Track 18, Sector 00.

BYTE	CONTENTS	DEFINITION
0-1	18,1 1	Track and sector of first directory block. Indicates DOS 1.
2	0	NULL flag.
3	-	The BAM bit map of available blocks for tracks 1-35.
4-143	-	Reserved for disk name.
144-161	-	Reserved for disk ID.
162-163	-	Shifted SPACES.
164-170	160	
171-255	0	Not used.

4040/1540/1541 BAM & HEADER.
Track 18, Sector 00

BYTE	CONTENTS	DEFINITION
0-1	18,1	Track and sector of first directory block.
?2	65	Indicates 4040/1540/1541
3	0	NULL byte.
4-143	-	BAM bit map of available blocks for tracks 1-35.
144-161	-	Reserved for disk name.
162-163	-	Reserved for disk ID.
164	160	Shifted SPACE.
165-166	50,65	Indicates DOS version (2A) and format.
166-170	160	Shifted SPACES.
171-255	0	Not used.

8050 DIRECTORY HEADER.
Track 39, Sector 00.

BYTE	CONTENTS	DEFINITION
0-1	38,0	Track and sector of first BAM block.
2	67	Indicates 8050.
3	0	NULL flag.
4-5	0	Not used.
6-21	-	Indicates disk name.
22-23	160	Shifted SPACES.
24-25	-	Indicates disk ID.
26	160	Shifted SPACE.
27-28	50,67	Indicates DOS version (2C) and format.
29-32	160	Shifted SPACES.
33-255	0	Not used.

Extramon listing

```
100 PRINT "TINY PEEKER/POKER"
110 X$="*": INPUT X$: IF X$="*" THEN END
120 GOSUB 500
130 IF E GOTO 280
140 A=V
150 IF J>LEN(X$) GOTO 300
160 FOR I=0 TO 7
170 P=J: GOSUB 550
180 C(I)=V
190 IF E GOTO 280
200 NEXT I
210 T=0
220 FOR I=0 TO 7
230 POKE A+I,C(I)
240 T=T+C(I)
250 NEXT I
260 PRINT "CHECKSUM="; T
270 GOTO 110
280 PRINT MID$(X$, 1, J); "?": GOTO 110
300 T=0
310 FOR I=0 TO 7
320 V=PEEK(A+I)
330 T=T+V
340 V=V/16
350 PRINT " ";
360 FOR J=1 TO 2
370 V%=V
380 V=(V-V%)*16
390 IF V%>9 THEN V%=V%+7
400 PRINT CHR$(V%+48);
410 NEXT J
420 NEXT I
430 PRINT "/"; T
440 GOTO 110
500 P=1
510 L=4
520 GOTO 600
550 P=J
560 L=2
600 E=0
610 V=0
620 FOR J=P TO LEN(X$)
630 X=ASC(MID$(X$, J))
640 IF X=32 THEN NEXT J
650 IF J>LEN(X$) THEN 790
660 P=J
670 FOR J=PTOLEN(X$)
680 X=ASC(MID$(X$, J))
```

```

690 IF X<>32 THEN NEXT J
700 IF J-P<>L THEN 790
710 FORK=PTOJ-1
720 X=ASC(MID$(X$,K))
730 IF X<58 THEN X=X-48
740 IF X>64 THEN X=X-55
750 IF X<0 OR X>15 THEN 790
760 V=V*16+X
770 NEXT K
780 RETURN
790 E=-1
800 RETURN

```

```

0880 00 1A 04 64 00 99 22 93 0AAB 02 20 48 FA 00 AD 3A 02 0C00 60 A2 02 2C A2 00 00 B4
0888 12 1D 1D 1D 53 55 50 0AA0 20 48 FA 00 00 67 F8 00 0C08 C1 D0 00 84 C2 D0 02 E6
0818 45 52 20 36 34 20 4D 4F 0A10 20 00 F8 00 5C 20 3E 0C18 26 D6 C2 D6 C1 60 20 3E
0818 04 00 31 04 6E 00 99 22 0A18 F8 00 20 79 FA 00 00 33 0C18 F8 00 C2 20 F8 F9 60 A9
0820 11 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 0A20 20 69 FA 00 00 3E F8 00 0C20 00 00 8D 00 00 01 20 CC
0828 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 20 0A28 20 79 FA 00 00 28 20 69 0C28 FA 00 20 8F FA 00 00 20 7C
0834 04 4B 04 78 00 99 22 11 0A30 FA 00 A9 00 20 D2 FF 20 0C30 FA 00 00 09 60 20 3E F8
0838 20 2E 2E 4A 49 4D 20 42 0A38 E1 FF 00 3C A6 26 D0 38 0C38 00 20 79 FA 00 00 DE AE
0848 55 54 54 45 45 46 49 45 0A40 A5 C3 C5 C1 A5 C4 E5 C2 0C49 3F 02 9A A9 20 D2 FF
0848 4C 44 00 66 04 82 00 9E 0A48 90 2E A0 00 3A 20 C2 F8 00 0C48 A9 3F 20 D2 FF 4C 47 F8
0858 28 C2 28 34 33 29 AA 32 0A50 20 41 FA 00 00 20 8F F8 00 0C50 00 20 54 FD 00 CA D8 FA
0858 35 36 A2 C2 28 34 34 29 0A58 F8 E4 4C ED FA 00 00 20 79 0C58 60 E6 C3 D0 02 E6 C4 60
0860 A1 31 32 37 29 00 00 00 0A60 FA 00 00 03 20 8F F8 00 0C60 A2 02 B5 C5 00 00 48 B5 27 95
0868 AA AA AA AA AA AA AA 0A68 20 87 F8 00 00 07 20 79 0C68 C0 68 95 27 CA D8 F3 60
0870 AA AA AA AA AA AA AA 0A70 FA 00 90 EB A9 00 08 85 1D 0C70 A5 C3 A5 C4 38 E9 B2 00
0878 AA AA AA AA AA AA AA 0A78 20 3E F8 00 00 20 A1 F8 00 0C78 0E 80 90 0B A5 28 A4 29

0880 A5 2D 85 22 A5 2E 85 23 0A80 D0 FR 4C 47 F8 00 20 CF 0C80 4C 33 FB 00 A5 C3 A4 C4
0888 A5 37 85 24 A5 38 85 25 0A88 FF C9 0D F0 0C C9 20 D0 0C88 38 E5 C1 85 1E 98 E5 C2
0890 A0 00 A5 22 D0 B2 C6 23 0A90 D1 20 79 FA 00 00 03 20 0C90 A8 05 1E 60 20 4D FA 00
0898 C6 22 B1 22 D0 C3 A5 22 0A98 80 F8 00 A9 00 20 D2 FF 0C98 20 69 FA 00 20 E5 FA 00
08A0 D0 U2 C6 23 C6 22 B1 22 0AA0 AE 3F 02 9A 78 AD 39 02 0CA0 20 0C FB 00 20 E5 FA 00
08A8 F0 21 85 26 A5 22 D0 02 0AAB 48 AD 3A 02 48 AD 3B 02 0CAB 20 2F FB 00 20 69 FA 00
08B0 C6 23 C6 22 B1 22 18 65 0ABA 48 AD 3C 02 8D 02 AC 02 0CBA 90 15 A6 26 D0 64 20 28
08B8 24 AA A5 26 65 25 48 A5 0ABA 3E 02 49 A9 00 20 D2 FF 0CBB FB 00 90 5F A1 C1 81 C3
08C0 37 D0 B2 C6 38 C6 37 68 0AC0 3E 02 9A 6C 02 A0 B0 0CC0 20 05 FB 00 20 33 FB 00
08C8 91 37 8A B4 45 37 D0 02 0BAC1 01 84 BA 84 BC 88 84 B7 0CC8 D0 ED 20 28 FB 00 18 A5
08D0 C6 38 C6 37 68 91 37 18 0AD8 84 98 84 93 49 A0 48 85 BB 0CDE0 1E 65 C1 85 C3 98 65 C4
08D8 90 B6 C9 4F D0 ED A5 37 0AD8 49 02 85 BC 20 CF FF C9 0CDE8 85 C4 20 0C FB 00 A6 26
08E0 85 33 A5 38 85 34 36 C3 37 0AEB 20 F0 F9 C9 0D FB 38 C9 0CE0 D0 3D A1 C1 81 C3 20 28
08E8 00 4F 4F 4F AF 0E FF 00 0AEB 22 D0 14 20 CF FF C9 22 0CE8 FB 00 B0 34 20 88 FA 00
08F0 00 8D 16 03 AD E7 FF 00 0AF0 F0 10 C9 0D FB 29 91 BB 0CF0 20 BB FA 00 4C 7D FB 00
08F8 8D 17 03 A9 00 20 90 FF 0AEB 8 E7 C8 C0 10 D0 EC 4C 0CF8 20 D4 FA 00 28 69 FA 00

0900 00 00 D8 68 6B 3D 0E 02 68 0B00 ED FA 00 20 CF FF C9 0D 0D00 20 E5 FA 00 20 69 FA 00
0908 8D 3D 02 68 6B 3D 0E 02 68 0B00 F0 16 C9 20 D0 20 88 0D08 20 3E FB 00 20 88 FA 00
0910 8D 02 68 AA 6B AA 38 0B10 FA 00 29 0F FB 00 C9 03 0D10 90 14 85 1D A6 26 D0 11
0918 AA E9 02 8D 3A 02 98 E9 0B18 F0 05 85 BA 20 CF FF C9 0D18 20 2F FB 00 90 9C A5 1D
0920 00 00 8D 39 02 8A 02 8E 3F 0B20 D0 60 6C 30 03 6C 32 0D20 81 C1 20 33 FB 00 00 D0 EE
0928 02 20 57 FD 00 A2 42 A9 0B28 20 96 F9 00 D4 A9 00 0D28 4C ED FA 00 4C 47 FB 00
0930 2A 20 57 FA 00 A9 52 D0 0B30 20 D2 FF A9 00 00 20 EF 0D30 20 D4 FA 00 20 69 FA 00
0934 3A E6 C1 D8 06 E6 C2 D0 0B33 F9 00 A5 90 29 10 D4 C4 0D38 20 E5 FA 00 20 69 FA 00
0940 02 E6 26 60 20 CF FF C9 0B40 4C 47 F8 00 28 96 F9 00 0D40 20 3E FB 00 A2 00 00 20
0948 0D D8 FB 68 6A 99 00 0B48 C9 20 D0 BA 20 79 FA 00 0D48 3E FB 00 C9 0D 27 00 14 20
0950 D2 FF A9 00 00 85 26 A2 0B50 20 69 FA 00 20 CF FF C9 0D50 3E FB 00 9D 10 02 00 E8 20
0958 0D A9 2E 20 57 FA 00 A9 0B58 2C D0 AD 20 79 FA 00 A5 0D58 CF FF C9 0D F0 22 E0 20
0960 05 20 D2 FF 20 3E FB 00 0B60 C1 85 AE A5 C2 85 AF 20 0D60 D0 F1 FB 00 1C 8E 00 00 00 01
0968 C9 2E F0 F9 C9 20 F0 F5 0B68 69 FA 00 20 CF FF C9 0D 0D68 20 8F FA 00 90 C6 9D 10
0970 A2 0E DD B7 FF 00 D0 0C 0B70 D0 98 A9 90 20 D2 FF 20 0D70 02 E8 20 CF FF C9 0D FA 00
0978 8A 0A AA BD C7 FF 00 48 0B78 F2 F9 00 4C 47 F8 00 A5 0D78 09 20 88 FA 00 90 B6 E0

0980 BD C6 FF 00 48 60 CA 10 0B80 C2 20 48 FA 00 A5 C1 48 0D80 20 D0 EC 86 1C A9 90 20
0988 EC 4C ED FA 00 A5 C1 8D 0B88 4A 4A 4A 20 68 FA 00 0D88 D2 FF 20 57 FD 00 A2 00
0990 3A 02 A5 C2 D8 39 02 60 0B90 AA 68 29 0F FB 00 0D90 00 A0 00 00 B1 C1 DD 1C
0998 A9 08 85 1D A0 00 00 20 0B98 48 20 D2 FF 68 4C D2 0D98 02 D8 0C C8 E8 E4 1C D
09A0 54 FD 00 B1 C1 20 42 FA 0BAA FF 09 38 C9 3A 90 02 69 0DA8 F3 20 41 FA 00 20 54 FD
09A8 00 20 33 F8 00 C6 1D D0 0BAA 00 60 A2 02 B5 C8 48 B5 0DA8 00 20 33 FB 00 A6 26 D0
09B0 F1 68 20 88 FA 00 99 0B 0BBA C2 95 C8 68 95 C2 CA D0 0DB0 8D 20 2F FB 00 88 DD 4C
09B8 A2 00 00 B1 C1 C1 F0 0BBA F3 60 20 88 FA 00 90 02 0DB8 47 F8 00 20 D4 FA 00 85
09C0 03 4C ED FA 00 20 33 F8 0BC0 85 C2 20 88 FA 00 90 02 0DC0 20 A5 C2 85 21 A2 00 00
09C8 00 C6 1D 60 A9 38 85 C1 0BC8 85 C1 60 A9 00 00 85 2A 0DC8 86 28 A9 93 20 D2 FF A9
09D0 A9 02 85 C2 A9 05 60 98 0BD0 20 3E FB 00 C9 20 D0 09 0DD0 98 20 D2 FF A9 16 85 1D
09D8 48 20 57 FD 00 68 A2 2E 0BD8 20 3E FB 00 C9 20 D0 0E 0DDE 28 6A FC 00 20 CA FC 00
09E0 4C 57 FA 00 A9 90 20 D2 0BE0 18 60 20 AF FA 00 A0 A0 0DE0 B5 C1 84 C2 C6 1D DC F2
09E8 FF A2 00 00 BD EA FF 00 0BE0 0A 0A 85 2A 28 3E FB 00 0DE0 A9 91 20 D2 FF 4C 47 F8
09F0 20 D2 FF E8 E0 16 D0 F5 0BE0 28 AF FA 00 05 2A 38 60 0DF0 00 A0 ZC 20 C2 F8 00 20
09F8 A8 3B 20 C2 F8 00 AD 39 0BF0 C9 3A 90 00 69 00 29 FF 0DF0 54 FD 00 20 41 FA 00 20

```

0E00 54 FD 00 A2 00 00 A1 C1 1000 00 BD 2A FF 00 20 B9 FE
 0E08 20 D9 FC 00 48 20 1F FD 1008 00 D0 65 CA D0 D1 F4 JA
 0E10 00 68 20 35 FD 00 A2 06 1010 20 88 FE 00 D0 AB 20 B8
 0E18 E0 03 D0 12 A4 1F F0 JE 1018 FE 00 D0 A6 28 C5 1D
 0E20 A5 2A C9 E8 B1 C1 00 1C 1020 D0 A9 20 69 FA 00 A4 1F
 0E28 20 C2 FC 00 88 D0 F2 06 1028 F0 28 A5 29 C9 9D D0 1A
 0E30 2A 90 0E BD 2A FF 00 20 1030 20 1C FB 00 90 0A 98 D0
 0E38 A5 FD 00 BD 30 FF 00 F0 1038 04 A5 1E 10 0A 4C ED FA
 0E40 03 20 A5 FD 00 CA D0 D5 1040 00 C8 D0 FA A5 1E 10 F6
 0E48 60 20 CD FC 00 AA E8 D0 1048 A4 1F D0 03 B9 C2 00 00
 0E50 01 C8 98 20 C2 FC 00 8A 1050 91 C1 88 D0 FA A5 26 91
 0E58 86 1C 28 48 FA 00 A6 1C 1058 C1 20 CA FC 00 85 C1 84
 0E60 60 A5 1F 38 A4 C2 AA 10 1060 C2 A9 90 20 D2 FF A0 41
 0E68 01 88 65 C1 90 01 C8 60 1068 20 C2 FB 00 20 54 FD 00
 0E70 A8 4A 90 8B 4A B0 17 C9 1070 20 41 FA 00 20 54 FD 00
 0E78 22 F0 13 29 07 09 80 4A 1078 A9 05 20 D2 FF 4C B0 FD

0E80 AA BD D9 FE 00 B0 04 4A 1080 00 A8 20 BF FE 00 D0 11
 0E88 4A 4A 29 0F D0 04 A0 1088 98 F0 0E 86 1C A6 1D DD
 0E90 80 A9 00 00 AA BD 1D FF 1090 10 02 08 E8 86 1D A6 1C
 0E98 00 85 2A 29 03 85 1F 98 1098 28 60 C9 30 90 03 C9 47
 0EA0 29 8F AA 98 00 03 E0 8A 10A0 60 38 60 40 02 45 03 D0
 0EA8 F0 08 4A 90 08 4A 09 10A8 08 40 09 30 22 45 33 D0
 0EB0 20 88 08 FA CB 88 D0 F2 10B0 08 40 09 40 02 45 33 D0
 0EB8 60 B1 C1 20 C2 FC 00 A2 10B8 08 40 09 40 02 45 B3 D0
 0EC0 01 20 FE FA 00 C4 1F C0 10C0 08 40 09 00 00 22 44 33
 0EC8 98 F1 A2 83 C0 04 90 F2 10C8 00 8C 44 00 00 11 22 44
 0ED0 60 A8 09 37 FF 00 85 28 10D0 33 00 8C 44 9A 10 22 44
 0ED8 89 77 FF 00 85 29 A9 00 10D8 33 00 08 40 09 10 22 44
 0EE0 00 A0 05 06 29 26 28 2A 10E0 33 00 08 40 09 62 13 78
 0EE8 88 D0 F8 69 3F 20 D2 FF 10E8 A9 00 00 21 81 82 00 00
 0EF0 CA D0 EC A9 20 2C A9 00 10F0 00 00 59 4D 91 92 86 4A
 0EF8 4C D2 FF 20 D4 FA 00 20 10F8 85 9D 2C 29 2C 23 28 4A

0FF0 69 FA 00 20 E5 FA 00 20 1100 59 00 00 58 24 24 00 00
 0FF8 69 FA 00 A2 00 00 86 28 1108 1C 8A 1C 23 5D 8B 1B A1
 0F10 A9 90 20 D2 FF 00 57 FD 1110 9D 8A 1D 23 9D 8B 1D A1
 0F18 00 20 72 FC 00 20 CA FC 1118 00 00 29 19 AE 69 A8 19
 0F20 00 85 C1 84 C2 20 E1 FF 1120 23 24 53 1B 23 24 53 19
 0F28 F0 05 20 2F FB 00 B0 E9 1128 A1 00 00 1A 5B 5B A5 69
 0F30 4C 47 F0 00 20 D4 FA 00 1130 24 24 AE AE A8 AD 29 00
 0F38 A9 03 85 1D 20 3E FB 00 1138 00 7C 00 00 15 9C 60 9C
 0F40 20 A1 F0 00 D0 FB A5 20 1140 A5 69 29 53 84 13 34 11
 0F48 85 C1 A5 21 85 C2 4C 46 1148 A5 69 23 A0 D8 62 5A 48
 0F50 FC 00 C5 28 F0 03 20 D2 1150 26 62 94 88 54 44 C8 54
 0F58 FF 60 20 D4 FA 00 20 69 1158 68 44 EB 94 00 00 B0 08
 0F60 FA 00 8E 11 02 A2 03 20 1160 84 74 B4 28 6E 74 F4 CC
 0F68 CC FA 00 48 CA D0 F9 A2 1168 4A 72 F2 A4 8A 00 00 AA
 0F70 03 68 38 E9 3F A0 05 4A 1170 A2 A2 74 74 72 44 68
 0F78 6E 11 02 6E 10 00 88 D0 1178 B2 32 B2 00 00 22 00 00

0F80 F6 CA D0 ED A2 02 20 CF 1180 1A 1A 26 26 72 72 88 C8
 0F88 FF C9 0D F0 1E C9 20 F0 1188 C4 CA 26 48 44 44 A2 C8
 0F90 F5 20 D0 FE 00 B0 0F 20 1190 3A 3B 52 4D 47 58 4C 53
 0F98 9C FA 00 A4 C1 84 C2 85 1198 54 46 48 44 50 2C 41 42
 0FA0 C1 A9 38 9D 10 02 E8 9D 11A0 F9 00 35 F9 00 CC FB 00
 0FA8 10 02 EB D8 DB 86 28 A2 11A8 P7 F8 00 56 F9 00 89 F9
 0FB0 00 00 86 26 F0 04 E6 26 11B0 00 F4 F9 00 0C FA 00 3E
 0FB8 F0 75 A2 00 00 86 1D A5 11B8 FB 00 92 FB 00 C8 FB 00
 0FC0 26 20 D9 FC 00 A6 2A 86 11C0 38 FC 00 58 FD 00 8A FD
 0FC8 29 AA BC 37 FF 00 BD 77 11C8 00 AC FD 00 46 FB 00 FF
 0FD0 FF 00 20 89 FE 00 D0 E3 11D0 F7 00 ED F7 00 0D 20 20
 0FD8 A2 06 E0 03 D0 19 A4 1F 11D8 20 50 43 20 20 53 52 20
 0FE0 F0 15 A5 2A C9 E8 A9 30 11E0 41 43 20 58 52 20 59 52
 0FE8 B0 21 20 BF FE 00 D0 CC 11E8 20 53 50 AA AA AA AA AA
 0FF0 20 C1 FE 00 D0 C7 88 D0
 0FF8 EB 00 2A 98 0B BC 30 FF

Entering Extramon : Commodore 64 version

Use the program Tiny Peeker/Poker as follows.

Type POKE 8192,0:POKE44,32 (return)

Enter and run the peeker/poker program.

In response to the program prompts, type in the data as given in the following tables. When you've finished, type POKE44,8:POKE45,232:POKE46,17:CLR.

Save Extramon with a normal SAVE before attempting to run it.

Then type NEW, and use the following checksum program to enable you to identify and locate any errors:

```
100 REM EXTRAMON64 CHECKSUM PROGRAM
110 DATA10170,13676,15404,14997,15136,16221,16696
115 DATA12816,16228,14554
120 DATA14677,15039,14551,15104,15522,16414,15914
125 DATA8958,11945:S=2048
130 FORB=1TO19:READX:FORI=1TOS:N=PEEK(I):Y=Y+N
140 NEXTI:IFY<>XTHEN?"ERROR IN BLOCK "B:GOTO160
150 PRINT"BLOCK "B" CORRECT"
160 S=I:Y=0:NEXTB:REM CHECK LAST BLOCK BY HAND
```

This program must be run after the first set of POKEs, and before the second set.

If errors are found, type NEW (you won't lose Extramon!), re-load Tiny Peeker/Poker, enter block of memory again, type NEW, re-load checksum program, run it, if errors found type NEW and re-load Tiny Peeker/Poker, and so on until no errors remain. Then, issue last set of POKEs and SAVE Extramon!

Extramon Instruction Set

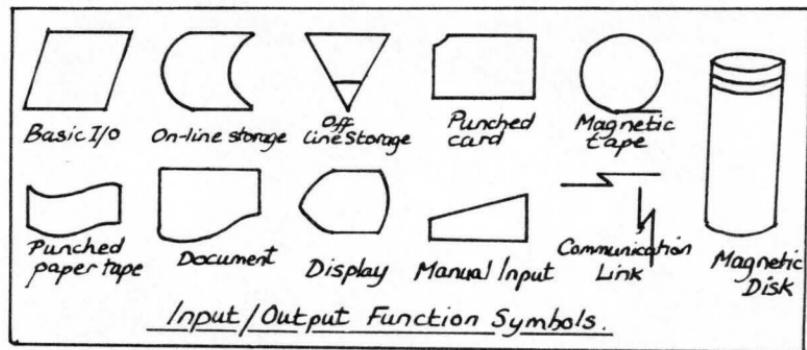
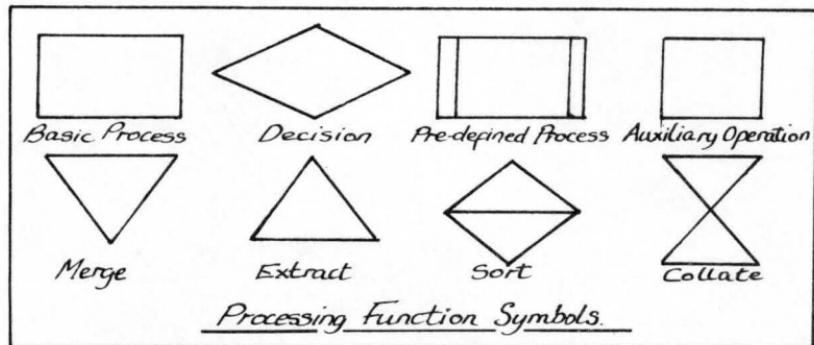
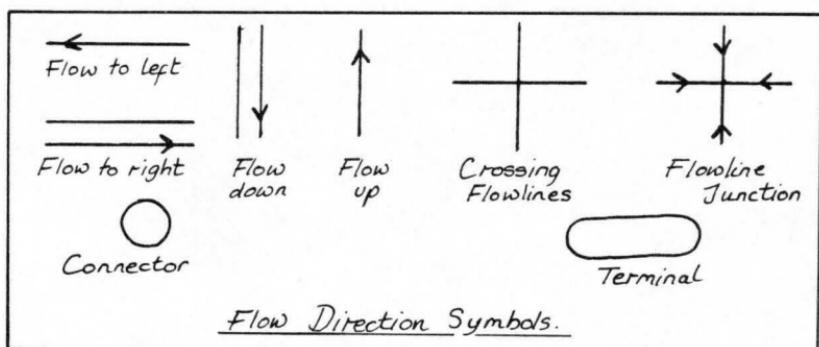
This will be given in the form COMMAND, followed by the syntax.

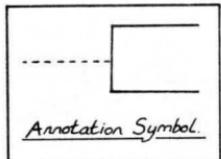
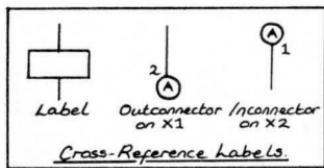
- 1) Simple Assembler
.A 2000 LDA#12
start assembly at 2000 hex.
- 2) Disassembler
.D 2000
disassemble hex from 2000 onwards.
- 3) Printing Disassembler
.P 2000,2040
engage printer beforehand with OPEN4,4:CMD4.
- 4) Fill memory
.F 1000 1100 FF
fill memory from 1000 to 1100 hex with the byte FF.
- 5) Go run
.G 1000
go to hex 1000 and execute program there.
- 6) Hunt memory
.H C000 D000 'READ
look from C000 to D000 for the ASCII string READ.
- 7) Load
.L "FRED",08
- 8) Memory display
.M 0800 0820
display memory from hex 0800 to 0820.
- 9) Register display
.R
displays register values when Extramon was entered.
- 10) Save
.S "0:FRED",08,0800,0820
save memory from hex 0800 to 0820 onto device 08 drive 1, and call that portion of memory FRED.

11) Transfer memory
.T 1000 1100 5000
transfer memory in the range hex 1000 to 1100 and start storing it at
hex 5000 onwards.

12) Exit to Basic
.0
return to Basic ready mode. Perform a CLR before doing anything.

Flow charting





Hex/Dec convertor

Decimal & Hexadecimal Conversions

HEXADECIMAL COLUMNS											
6	5	4	3	2	1	6	5	4	3	2	1
HEX	DEC	HEX	DEC	HEX	DEC	HEX	DEC	HEX	DEC	HEX	DEC
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1	1,048,576	1	65,536	1	4,096	1	256	1	16	1	1
2	2,097,152	2	131,072	2	8,192	2	512	2	32	2	2
3	3,145,728	3	196,608	3	12,288	3	768	3	48	3	3
4	4,194,304	4	262,144	4	16,384	4	1,024	4	64	4	4
5	5,242,880	5	327,680	5	20,480	5	1,280	5	80	5	5
6	6,291,456	6	393,216	6	24,576	6	1,536	6	96	6	6
7	7,340,032	7	458,752	7	28,672	7	1,792	7	112	7	7
8	8,398,608	8	524,288	8	32,768	8	2,048	8	128	8	8
9	9,437,184	9	589,824	9	36,864	9	2,304	9	144	9	9
A	10,485,760	A	655,360	A	40,960	A	2,560	A	160	A	10
B	11,534,336	B	720,897	B	45,056	B	2,816	B	176	B	11
C	12,582,912	C	786,432	C	49,152	C	3,072	C	192	C	12
D	13,631,488	D	851,968	D	53,248	D	3,328	D	208	D	13
E	14,680,064	E	917,504	E	57,344	E	3,584	E	224	E	14
F	15,728,640	F	983,040	F	61,440	F	3,840	F	240	F	15

Notes.

To convert from hexadecimal to decimal, first find the corresponding column position for each hexadecimal digit. Make a note of the decimal equivalents, then add the noted values together to obtain the converted decimal value.

To convert from decimal to hexadecimal, find the largest decimal value in the table that will fit into the number to be converted. Next make a note of the hex equivalent and column position. Calculate the decimal remainder, and repeat the process on this and any subsequent remainders.

Hyperbolic functions

FUNCTION	BASIC EQUIVALENT
SECANT	$\text{SEC}(X)=1/\text{COS}(X)$
COSECANT	$\text{CSC}(X)=1/\text{SIN}(X)$
COTANGENT	$\text{COT}(X)=1/\text{TAN}(X)$
INVERSE SINE	$\text{ARCSIN}(X)=\text{ATN}(X/\text{SQR}(-X^*X+1))$
INVERSE COSINE	$\text{ARCCOS}(X)=-\text{ATN}(X/\text{SQR}(-X^*X+1)) + \pi/2$
INVERSE SECANT	$\text{ARCSEC}(X)=\text{ATN}(X/\text{SQR}(X^*X-1))$
INVERSE COSECANT	$\text{ARCCSC}(X)=\text{ATN}(X/\text{SQR}(X^*X-1)) + (\text{SGN}(X)-1)*\pi/2$
INVERSE COTANGENT	$\text{ARCOT}(X)=\text{ATN}(X)+\pi/2$
HYPERBOLIC SINE	$\text{SINH}(X)=(\text{EXP}(X)-\text{EXP}(-X))/2$
HYPERBOLIC COSINE	$\text{COSH}(X)=(\text{EXP}(X)+\text{EXP}(-X))/2$
HYPERBOLIC TANGENT	$\text{TANH}(X)=\text{EXP}(-X)/(\text{EXP}(x)+\text{EXP}(-X))^*2+1$
HYPERBOLIC SECANT	$\text{SECH}(X)=2/(\text{EXP}(X)+\text{EXP}(-X))$
HYPERBOLIC COSECANT	$\text{CSCH}(X)=2/(\text{EXP}(X)-\text{EXP}(-X))$
HYPERBOLIC COTANGENT	$\text{COTH}(X)=\text{EXP}(-X)/(\text{EXP}(X)-\text{EXP}(-X))^*2+1$
INVERSE HYPERBOLIC SINE	$\text{ARCSINH}(X)=\text{LOG}(X+\text{SQR}(X^*X+1))$
INVERSE HYPERBOLIC COSINE	$\text{ARCCOSH}(X)=\text{LOG}(X+\text{SQR}(X^*X-1))$
INVERSE HYPERBOLIC TANGENT	$\text{ARCTANH}(X)=\text{LOG}((1+X)/(1-X))/2$
INVERSE HYPERBOLIC SECANT	$\text{ARCECH}(X)=\text{LOG}((\text{SQR}(-X^*X+1)+1/X))$
INVERSE HYPERBOLIC COSECANT	$\text{ARCCSCH}(X)=\text{LOG}((\text{SGN}(X))*\text{SQR}(X^*X+1/x))$
INVERSE HYPERBOLIC COTANGENT	$\text{ARCCOTH}(X)=\text{LOG}((X+1)/(x-1))/2$

Memory maps

0000	0	Chip directional register
0001	1	Chip I/O; memory & tape control
0003 -0004	3-4	Float-Fixed vector
0005 -0006	5-6	Fixed-Float vector
0007	7	Search character
0008	8	Scan-quotes flag
0009	9	TAB column save
000A	10	0 = LOAD, 1 = VERIFY
000B	11	Input buffer pointer/# subscript
000C	12	Default DIM flag
000D	13	Type: FF = string, 00 = numeric
000E	14	Type: 80 = integer, 00 = floating point
000F	15	DATA scan/LIST quote/memry flag
0010	16	Subscript/FNx flag
0011	17	0 = INPUT:\$40 = GET,\$98 = READ
0012	18	ATN sign/Comparison eval flag
0013	19	Current I/O prompt flag
0014 -0015	20-21	Integer value
0016	22	Pointer: temporary string stack
0017 -0018	23-24	Last temp string vector
0019 -0021	25-33	Stack for temporary strings
0022 -0025	34-37	Utility pointer area
0026 -002A	38-42	Product area for multiplication
002B -002C	43-44	Pointer: Start-of-Basic
002D -002E	45-46	Pointer: Start-of-Variables
002F -0030	47-48	Pointer: Start-of-Arrays
0031 -0032	49-50	Pointer: End-of-Arrays
0033 -0034	51-52	Pointer: String-storage(moving down)
0035 -0036	53-54	Utility string pointer
0037 -0038	55-56	Pointer: Limit-of-memory
0039 -003A	57-58	Current Basic line number
003B -003C	59-60	Previous Basic line number
003D -003E	61-62	Pointer: Basic statement for CONT
003F -0040	63-64	Current DATA line number
0041 -0042	65-66	Current DATA address
0043 -0044	67-68	Input vector
0045 -0046	69-70	Current variable name
0047 -0048	71-72	Current variable address
0049 -004A	73-74	Variable pointer for FOR/NEXT
004B -004C	75-76	Y-save; op-save; Basic pointer save
004D	77	Comparison symbol accumulator
004E -0053	78-83	Misc work area, pointers, etc
0054 -0056	84-86	Jump vector for functions
0057 -0060	87-96	Misc numeric work area
0061	97	Accum#1: Exponent
0062 -0065	98-101	Accum#1: Mantissa
0066	102	Accum#1: Sign
0067	103	Series evaluation constant pointer
0068	104	Accum#1 hi-order (overflow)
0069 -006E	105-110	Accum#2: Exponent, etc.
006F	111	Sign comparison, Acc#1 vs #2

0070	112	Accum*1 lo-order (rounding)
0071 -0072	113-114	Cassette buff len/Series pointer
0073 -008A	115-138	CHRGET subroutine; get Basic char
007A -007B	122-123	Basic pointer (within subrtn)
008B -008F	139-143	RND seed value
0090	144	Status word ST
0091	145	Keyswitch PIA: STOP and RVS flags
0092	146	Timing constant for tape
0093	147	Load = 0, Verify = 1
0094	148	Serial output: deferred char flag
0095	149	Serial deferred character
0096	150	Tape EOT received
0097	151	Register save
0098	152	How many open files
0099	153	Input device, normally 0
009A	154	Output CMD device, normally 3
009B	155	Tape character parity
009C	156	Byte-received flag
009D	157	Direct = \$80/RUN = 0 output control
009E	158	Tp Pass 1 error log/char buffer
009F	159	Tp Pass 2 err log corrected
00A0 -00A2	160-162	Jiffy Clock HML
00A3	163	Serial bit count/EOI flag
00A4	164	Cycle count
00A5	165	Countdown,tape write/bit count
00A6	166	Tape buffer pointer
00A7	167	Tp Wrt ldr count/Rd pass/inbit
00A8	168	Tp Wrt new byte/Rd error/inbit cnt
00A9	169	Wrt start bit/Rd bit err/stbit
00AA	170	Tp Scan;Cnt;Ld;End/byte assy
00AB	171	Wr lead length/Rd checksum/parity
00AC -00AD	172-173	Pointer: tape bufr, scrolling
00AE -00AF	174-175	Tape end adds/End of program
00B0 -00B1	176-177	Tape timing constants
00B2 -00B3	178-179	Pntr: start of tape buffer
00B4	180	1 = Tp timer enabled; bit count
00B5	181	Tp EOT/RS232 next bit to send
00B6	182	Read character error/outbyte buf
00B7	183	* characters in file name
00B8	184	Current logical file
00B9	185	Current secndy address
00BA	186	Current device
00BB -00BC	187-188	Pointer to file name
00BD	189	Wr shift word/Rd input char
00BE	190	* blocks remaining to Wr/Rd
00BF	191	Serial word buffer
00C0	192	Tape motor interlock
00C1 -00C2	193-194	I/O start address
00C3 -00C4	195-196	Kernel setup pointer
00C5	197	Last key pressed
00C6	198	* chars in keybd buffer
00C7	199	Screen reverse flag
00C8	200	End-of-line for input pointer
00C9 -00CA	201-202	Input cursor log (row, column)
00CB	203	Which key: 64 if no key

00CC	204	0 = flash cursor
00CD	205	Cursor timing countdown
00CE	206	Character under cursor
00CF	207	Cursor in blink phase
00D0	208	Input from screen/from keyboard
00D1 - 00D2	209-210	Pointer to screen line
00D3	211	Position of cursor on above line
00D4	212	0 = direct cursor, else programmed
00D5	213	Current screen line length
00D6	214	Row where cursor lives
00D7	215	Last inkey/checksum/buffer
00D8	216	* of INSERTs outstanding
00D9 - 00F2	217-242	Screen line link table
00F3 - 00F4	243-244	Screen color pointer
00F5 - 00F6	245-246	Keyboard pointer
00F7 - 00F8	247-248	RS-232 Rcv pptr
00F9 - 00FA	249-250	RS-232 Tx pptr
00FF - 010A	256-266	Floating to ASCII work area
0100 - 013E	256-318	Tape error log
0100 - 01FF	256-511	Processor stack area
0200 - 0258	512-600	Basic input buffer
0259 - 0262	601-610	Logical file table
0263 - 026C	611-620	Device * table
026D - 0276	621-630	Sec Adds table
0277 - 0280	631-640	Keybd buffer
0281 - 0282	641-642	Start of Basic Memory
0283 - 0284	643-644	Top of Basic Memory
0285	645	Serial bus timeout flag
0286	646	Current color code
0287	647	Color under cursor
0288	648	Screen memory page
0289	649	Max size of keybd buffer
028A	650	Repeat all keys
028B	651	Repeat speed counter
028C	652	Repeat delay counter
028D	653	Keyboard Shift/Control flag
028E	654	Last shift pattern
028F - 0290	655-656	Keyboard table setup pointer
0291	657	Keyboard shift mode
0292	658	0 = scroll enable
0293	659	RS-232 control reg
0294	660	RS-232 command reg
0295 - 0296	661-662	Bit timing
0297	663	RS-232 status
0298	664	* bits to send
0299 - 029A	665	RS-232 speed/code
029B	667	RS232 receive pointer
029C	668	RS232 input pointer
029D	669	RS232 transmit pointer
029E	670	RS232 output pointer
029F - 02A0	671-672	IRQ save during tape I/O
02A1	673	CIA 2 (NMI) Interrupt Control
02A2	674	CIA 1 Timer A control log
02A3	675	CIA 1 Interrupt Log
02A4	676	CIA 1 Timer A enabled flag

02A5	677	Screen row marker
02C0 -02FE	704-766	(Sprite 11)
0300 -0301	768-769	Error message link
0302 -0303	770-771	Basic warm start link
0304 -0305	772-773	Crunch Basic tokens link
0306 -0307	774-775	Print tokens link
0308 -0309	776-777	Start new Basic code link
030A -030B	778-779	Get arithmetic element link
030C	780	SYS A-reg save
030D	781	SYS X-reg save
030E	782	SYS Y-reg save
030F	783	SYS status reg save
0310 -0312	784-785	USR function jump
		(B248)
0314 -0315	788-789	Hardware interrupt vector
		(EA31)
0316 -0317	790-791	Break interrupt vector
		(FE66)
0318 -0319	792-793	NMI interrupt vector
		(FE47)
031A -031B	794-795	OPEN vector
		(F34A)
031C -031D	796-797	CLOSE vector
		(F291)
031E -031F	798-799	Set-input vector
		(F20E)
0320 -0321	800-801	Set-output vector
		(F250)
0322 -0323	802-803	Restore I/O vector
		(F333)
0324 -0325	804-805	INPUT vector
		(F157)
0326 -0327	806-807	Output vector
		(F1CA)
0328 -0329	808-809	Test-STOP vector
		(F6ED)
032A -032B	810-811	GET vector
		(F13E)
032C -032D	812-813	Abort I/O vector
		(F32F)
032E -032F	814-815	Warm start vector
		(FE66)
0330 -0331	816-817	LOAD link
		(F4A5)
0332 -0333	818-819	SAVE link
		(F5ED)
033C -03FB	828-1019	Cassette buffer
0340 -037E	832-894	(Sprite 13)
0380 -03BE	896-958	(Sprite 14)
03C0 -03FE	960-1022	(Sprite 15)
0400 -07FF	1024-2047	Screen memory
0800 -9FFF	2048-40959	Basic RAM memory
8000 -9FFF	32768-40959	Alternate: ROM plug-in area
A000 -BFFF	40960-49151	ROM: Basic
A000 -BFFF	49060-59151	Alternate: RAM
C000 -CFFF	49152-53247	RAM memory, including alternate
D000 -D02E	53248-53294	Video Chip (6566)
D400 -D41C	54272-54300	Sound Chip (6581 SID)
D800 -DBFF	55296-56319	Color nybble memory
DC00 -DC0F	56320-56335	Interface chip 1, IRQ (6526 CIA)
DD00 -DD0F	56576-56591	Interface chip 2, NMI (6526 CIA)
D000 -DFFF	53248-53294	Alternate: Character set
E000 -FFFF	57344-65535	ROM: Operating System
E000 -FFFF	57344-65535	Alternate: RAM
FF81 -FFF5	65409-65525	Jump Table. Including:
FFC6		- Set Input channel
FFC9		- Set Output channel
FFCC		- Restore default I/O channels
FFCF		- INPUT
FFD2		- PRINT
FFE1		- Test Stop key
FFE4		- GET

Commodore 64 – ROM Memory Map

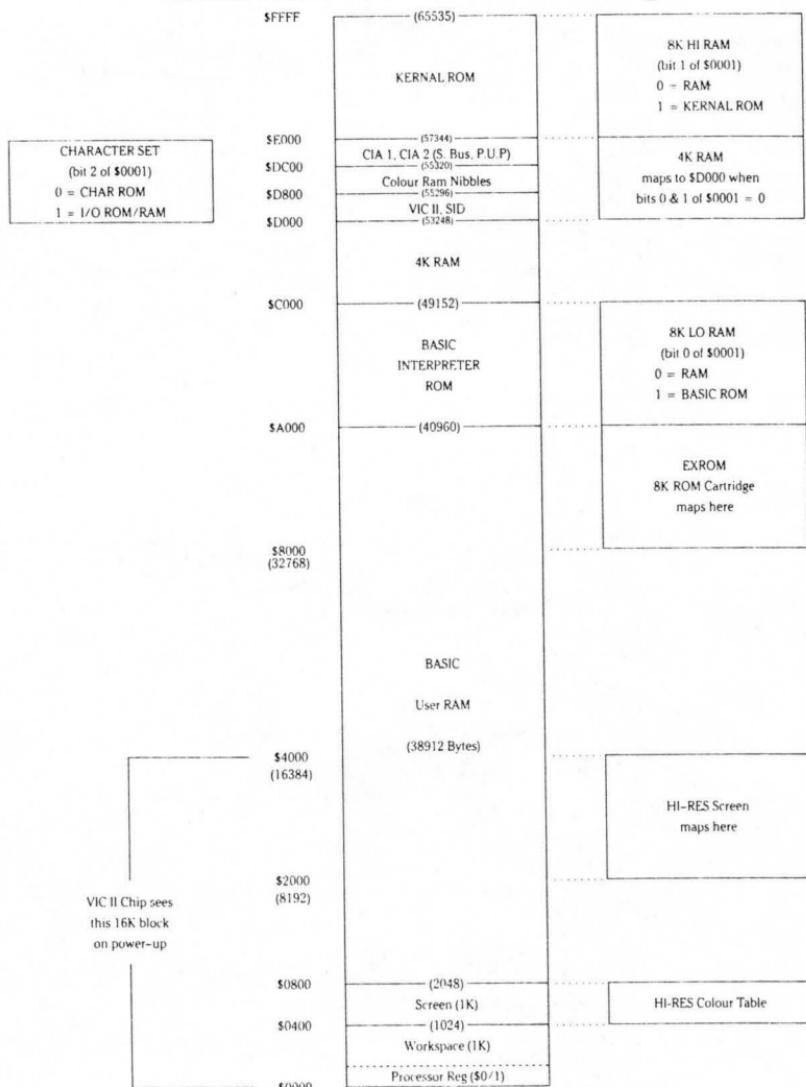
A000;	ROM control vectors	AD1E;	Perform [NEXT]
A00C;	Keyword action vectors	AD78;	Type match check
A052;	Function vectors	AD9E;	Evaluate expression
A080;	Operator vectors	AEA8;	Constant - pi
A09E;	Keywords	AEF1;	Evaluate within brackets
A19E;	Error messages	AEF7;	''
A328;	Error message vectors	AEFF;	comma..
A365;	Misc messages	AF08;	Syntax error
A38A;	Scan stack for FOR/GOSUB	AF14;	Check range
A3B8;	Move memory	AF28;	Search for variable
A3FB;	Check stack depth	AFA7;	Setup FN reference
A408;	Check memory space	AFE6;	Perform [OR]
A435;	'out of memory'	AFE9;	Perform [AND]
A437;	Error routine	B016;	Compare
A469;	BREAK entry	B081;	Perform [DIM]
A474;	'ready.'	B08B;	Locate variable
A480;	Ready for Basic	B113;	Check alphabetic
A49C;	Handle new line	B11D;	Create variable
A533;	Re-chain lines	B194;	Array pointer subroutine
A560;	Receive input line	B1A5;	Value 32768
A579;	Crunch tokens	B1B2;	Float-fixed
A613;	Find Basic line	B1D1;	Set up array
A642;	Perform [NEW]	B245;	'bad subscript'
A65E;	Perform [CLR]	B248;	'illegal quantity'
A68E;	Back up text pointer	B34C;	Compute array size
A69C;	Perform [LIST]	B37D;	Perform [FRE]
A742;	Perform [FOR]	B391;	Fix-float
A7ED;	Execute statement	B39E;	Perform [POS]
A81D;	Perform [RESTORE]	B3A6;	Check direct
A82C;	Break	B3B3;	Perform [DEF]
A82F;	Perform [STOP]	B3E1;	Check fn syntax
A831;	Perform [END]	B3F4;	Perform [FN]
A857;	Perform [CONT]	B465;	Perform [STR\$]
A871;	Perform [RUN]	B475;	Calculate string vector
A883;	Perform [GOSUB]	B487;	Set up string
A8A0;	Perform [GOTO]	B4F4;	Make room for string
A8D2;	Perform [RETURN]	B526;	Garbage collection
A8F8;	Perform [DATA]	B5BD;	Check salvageability
A906;	Scan for next statement	B606;	Collect string
A928;	Perform [IF]	B63D;	Concatenate
A93B;	Perform [REM]	B67A;	Build string to memory
A94B;	Perform [ON]	B6A3;	Discard unwanted string
A96B;	Get fixed point number	B6DB;	Clean descriptor stack
A9A5;	Perform [LET]	B6EC;	Perform [CHR\$]
AA80;	Perform [PRINT*]	B700;	Perform [LEFT\$]
AA86;	Perform [CMD]	B72C;	Perform [RIGHT\$]
AAA0;	Perform [PRINT]	B737;	Perform [MID\$]
AB1E;	Print string from (y.a)	B761;	Pull string parameters
AB3B;	Print format character	B77C;	Perform [LEN]
AB4D;	Bad input routine	B782;	Exit string-mode
AB7B;	Perform [GET]	B78B;	Perform [ASC]
ABA5;	Perform [INPUT*]	B79B;	Input byte parameter
ABBF;	Perform [INPUT]	B7AD;	Perform [VAL]
ABF9;	Prompt & input	B7EB;	Parameters for POKE/WAIT
AC06;	Perform [READ]	B7F7;	Float-fixed
ACFC;	Input error messages	B80D;	Perform [PEEK]
		B824;	Perform [POKE]
		B82D;	Perform [WAIT]

B849;	Add 0.5	E394;	Initialize
B850;	Subtract-from	E3A2;	CHRGET for zero page
B853;	Perform [subtract]	E3BF;	Initialize Basic
B86A;	Perform [add]	E447;	Vectors for \$300
B947;	Complement FAC#1	E453;	Initialize vectors
B97E;	'overflow'	E45F;	Power-up message
B983;	Multiply by zero byte	E500;	Get I/O address
B9EA;	Perform [LOG]	E505;	Get screen size
BA2B;	Perform [multiply]	E50A;	Put/get row/column
BA59;	Multiply-a-bit	E518;	Initialize/O
BA8C;	Memory to FAC#2	E544;	Clear screen
BAB7;	Adjust FAC#1/#2	E566;	Home cursor
BAD4;	Underflow/overflow	E56C;	Set screen pointers
BAE2;	Multiply by 10	E5A0;	Set I/O defaults
BAF9;	+ 10 in floating pt	E5B4;	Input from keyboard
BAFE;	Divide by 10	E632;	Input from screen
BB12;	Perform [divide]	E684;	Quote test
BBA2;	Memory to FAC#1	E691;	Setup screen print
BBC7;	FAC#1 to memory	E6B6;	Advance cursor
BBFC;	FAC#2 to FAC#1	E6ED;	Retreat cursor
BC0C;	FAC#1 to FAC#2	E701;	Back into previous line
BC1B;	Round FAC#1	E716;	Output to screen
BC2B;	Get sign	E87C;	Go to next line
BC39;	Perform [SGN]	E891;	Perform <return>
BC58;	Perform [ABS]	E8A1;	Check line decrement
BC5B;	Compare FAC#1 to mem	E8B3;	Check line increment
BC9B;	Float-fixed	E8CB;	Set color code
BCCC;	Perform [int]	E8DA;	Color code table
BCF3;	String to FAC	E8EA;	Scroll screen
BD7E;	Get ascii digit	E965;	Open space on screen
BDC2;	Print 'IN.'	E9C8;	Move a screen line
BDCC;	Print line number	E9E0;	Synchronize color transfer
BDDD;	Float to ascii	E9F0;	Set start-of-line
BF16;	Decimal constants	E9FF;	Clear screen line
BF3A;	TI constants	EA13;	Print to screen
BF71;	Perform [SQR]	EA24;	Synchronize color pointer
BF7B;	Perform [power]	EA31;	Interrupt - clock etc
BF84;	Perform [negative]	EA87;	Read keyboard
BFED;	Perform [EXP]	EB79;	Keyboard select vectors
E043;	Series eval 1	EB81;	Keyboard 1 - unshifted
E059;	Series eval 2	EBC2;	Keyboard 2 - shifted
E097;	Perform [RND]	EC03;	Keyboard 3 - 'comm'
E0f9;	?? breakpoints ??	EC44;	Graphics/text contrl
E12A;	Perform [SYS]	EC4F;	Set graphics/text mode
E156;	Perform [SAVE]	EC78;	Keyboard 4
E165;	Perform [VERIFY]	ECB9;	Video chip setup
E168;	Perform [LOAD]	ECE7;	Shift/run equivalent
E1BE;	Perform [OPEN]	ECFO;	Screen In address low
E1C7;	Perform [CLOSE]	ED09;	Send 'talk'
E1D4;	Parameters for LOAD/SAVE	ED0C;	Send 'listen'
E206;	Check default parameters	ED40;	Send to serial bus
E20E;	Check for comma	EDB2;	Serial timeout
E219;	Parameters for open/close	EDB9;	Send listen SA
E264;	Perform [COS]	EDBE;	Clear ATN
E26B;	Perform [SIN]	EDC7;	Send talk SA
E2B4;	Perform [TAN]	EDCC;	Wait for clock
E30E;	Perform [ATN]	EDDD;	Send serial deferred
E37B;	Warm restart	EDEF;	Send 'untalk'

EDFE;	Send 'unlisten'	F7D0;	Get buffer address
EE13;	Receive from serial bus	F7D7;	Set buffer start/end pointers
EE85;	Serial clock on	F7EA;	Find specific header
EE8E;	Serial clock off	F80D;	Bump tape pointer
EE97;	Serial output '1'	F817;	'press play..'
EEA0;	Serial output '0'	F82E;	Check tape status
EEA9;	Get serial in & clock	F838;	'press record..'
EEB3;	Delay 1 ms	F841;	Initiate tape read
EEBB;	RS-232 send	F864;	Initiate tape write
EF06;	Send new RS-232 byte	F875;	Common tape code
EF2E;	No-DSR error	F8D0;	Check tape stop
EF31;	No-CTS error	F8E2;	Set read timing
EF3B;	Disable timer	F92C;	Read tape bits
EF4A;	Compute bit count	FA60;	Store tape chars
EF59;	RS232 receive	FB8E;	Reset pointer
EF7E;	Setup to receive	FB97;	New character setup
EFC5;	Receive parity error	FBA6;	Send transition to tape
EFCA;	Receive overflow	FBC8;	Write data to tape
EFCD;	Receive break	FBCD;	IRQ entry point
EFD0;	Framing error	FC57;	Write tape leader
EFE1;	Submit to RS232	FC93;	Restore normal IRQ
F00D;	No-DSR error	FCB8;	Set IRQ vector
F017;	Send to RS232 buffer	FCCA;	Kill tape motor
F04D;	Input from RS232	FCD1;	Check r/w pointer
F086;	Get from RS232	FCDB;	Bump r/w pointer
F0A4;	Check serial bus idle	FCE2;	Power reset entry
F0BD;	Messages	FD02;	Check 8-rom
F12B;	Print if direct	FD10;	8-rom mask
F13E;	Get..	FD15;	Kernal reset
F14E;	..from RS232	FD1A;	Kernal move
F157;	Input	FD30;	Vectors
F199;	Get.. tape/serial/rs232	FD50;	Initialize system constnts
F1CA;	Output..	FD9B;	IRQ vectors
F1DD;	..to tape	FDA3;	Initialize I/O
F20E;	Set input device	FDDE;	Enable timer
F250;	Set output device	FDF9;	Save filename data
F291;	Close file	FE00;	Save file details
F30F;	Find file	FE07;	Get status
F31F;	Set file values	FE18;	Flag status
F32F;	Abort all files	FE1C;	Set status
F333;	Restore default I/O	FE21;	Set timeout
F34A;	Do file open	FE25;	Read/set top of memory
F3D5;	Send SA	FE27;	Read top of memory
F409;	Open RS232	FE2D;	Set top of memory
F49E;	Load program	FE34;	Read/set bottom of memory
F5AF;	'searching'	FE43;	NMI entry
F5C1;	Print filename	FE66;	Warm start
F5D2;	'loading/verifying'	FEB6;	Reset IRQ & exit
F5DD;	Save program	FEBC;	Interrupt exit
F68F;	Print 'saving'	FEC2;	RS-232 timing table
F69B;	Bump clock	FED6;	NMI RS-232 in
F6BC;	Log PIA key reading	FF07;	NMI RS-232 out
F6DD;	Get time	FF43;	Fake IRQ
F6E4;	Set time	FF48;	IRQ entry
F6ED;	Check stop key	FF81;	Jumbo jump table
F6FB;	Output error messages	FFFA;	Hardware vectors
F72D;	Find any tape headr		
F76A;	Write tape header		

Memory architecture

Commodore-64 Architecture Map



Processor I/O Port (6510)

\$0000	IN	IN	OUT	IN	OUT	OUT	OUT	DDR 0
\$0001			Tape Motor	Tape Sense	Tape Write	D-ROM Switch	EF RAM Switch	AB RAM Switch

PR 1

SID (6581)

Voice 1 Voice 2 Voice 3

\$D400	\$D407	\$D40E
\$D401	\$D408	\$D40F
\$D402	\$D409	\$D410
\$D403	\$D40A	\$D411
\$D404	\$D40B	\$D412
\$D405	\$D40C	\$D413
\$D406	\$D40D	\$D414

Frequency				L
Pulse Width				H
0 0 0 0				H
Voice Type: NSE PUL SAW TRI				Key
Attack Time 2ms - 8ms				Decay Time 6ms - 24 sec
Sustain Level				Release Time 6ms - 24 sec

Voices (write only)

Voice 1	Voice 2	Voice 3
54272	54279	54286
54273	54280	54287
54274	54281	54288
54275	54282	54289
54276	54283	54290
54277	54284	54291
54278	54285	54292

\$D415	0 0 0 0 0			
\$D416	Filter Frequency			
\$D417	Resonance Ext Filter Voices V3 V2 V1			
\$D418	Passband: V3 off HI BP LO Master Volume			

Filter & Volume (write only)

54293
54294
54295
54296

\$D419
\$D41A
\$D41B
\$D41C

Paddle X (A/D #1)	54297
Paddle Y (A/D #2)	54298
Noise 3 (random)	54299
Envelope 3	54300

Sense (read only)

Note: Special Voice Features
(TEST, RING MOD, SYNC)
are omitted from the above diagram.

CIA 1 (IRQ) (6526)

\$DC00	Paddle Sel A B	Fire	Right	Left	Joystick 0 Down	Up	PRA	56320
Keyboard Row Select (inverted)								
\$DC01		Fire	Right	Left	Joystick 1 Down	Up	PRB	56321
Keyboard Column Read								
\$DC02	\$FF - All Output							DDRA 56322
\$DC03	\$00 - All Input							DDR B 56323
\$DC04	Timer A							TAL 56324
\$DC05								TAH 56325
\$DC06	Timer B							TBL 56326
\$DC07								TBH 56327
~								
\$DC0D		Tape Input			Timer Interrupt B	A	ICR	56333
\$DC0E			One Shot	Out Mode	Time PB6 Out	Timer A Start	CRA	56334
\$DC0F			One Shot	Out Mode	Time PB7 Out	Timer B Start	CRB	56335

CIA 2 (NMI) (6526)

\$DD00	Serial IN	Clock IN	Serial OUT	Clock OUT	ATN OUT	RS-232 OUT	VIC II addr 15	VIC II addr 14	PRA	56576
\$DD01	DSR IN	CTS IN		DCD* IN	RI* IN	DTR OUT	RTS OUT	RS-232 IN	PRB	56577
\$3F - Serial										
\$DD02										
\$DD03	\$00 - P.U.P. All Input					or \$06 - RS-232				
\$DD04										
\$DD05	Timer A									
\$DD06										
\$DD07	Timer B									
~										
\$DD0D			RS-232 IN			Timer Interrupt B	A		ICR	56589
\$DD0E								Timer A Start	CRA	56590
\$DD0F								Timer B Start	CRB	56591

* Connected but not used by O.S.

M/C instruction set

The following notation applies to this summary:

A	Accumulator
X, Y	Index registers
M	Memory
P	Processor status register
S	Stack Pointer
/	Change
-	No change
+	Add
^	Logical AND
-	Subtract
V	Logical Exclusive-OR
\rightarrow, \leftarrow	Transfer to
\vee	Logical (inclusive) OR
PC	Program counter
PCH	Program counter high
PCL	Program counter low
#dd	8-bit immediate data value (2 hexadecimal digits)
aa	8-bit zero page address (2 hexadecimal digits)
aaaa	16-bit absolute address (4 hexadecimal digits)
\uparrow	Transfer from stack (Pull)
\downarrow	Transfer onto stack (Push)

ADC

Add to Accumulator with Carry

Operation: $A + M + C \rightarrow A, C$

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ✓ — — ✓

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	ADC #dd	69	2	2
Zero Page	ADC aa	65	2	3
Zero Page, X	ADC aa,X	75	2	4
Absolute	ADC aaaa	6D	3	4
Absolute, X	ADC aaaa,X	7D	3	4*
Absolute, Y	ADC aaaa,Y	79	3	4*
(Indirect, X)	ADC (aa,X)	61	2	6
(Indirect), Y	ADC (aa),Y	71	2	5*

*Add 1 if page boundary is crossed.

AND

AND Memory with Accumulator

Logical AND to the accumulator

Operation: $A \wedge M \rightarrow A$

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ — — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	AND #dd	29	2	2
Zero Page	AND aa	25	2	3
Zero Page, X	AND aa,X	35	2	4
Absolute	AND aaaa	2D	3	4
Absolute, X	AND aaaa,X	3D	3	4*
Absolute, Y	AND aaaa,Y	39	3	4*
(Indirect, X)	AND (aa,X)	21	2	6
(Indirect), Y	AND (aa),Y	31	2	5*

*Add 1 if page boundary is crossed.

ASL

Accumulator Shift Left

Operation: $C \leftarrow [7\ 6\ 5\ 4\ 3\ 2\ 1\ 0] \leftarrow 0$

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ✓ ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Accumulator	ASL A	0A	1	2
Zero Page	ASL aa	06	2	5
Zero Page, X	ASL aa,X	16	2	6
Absolute	ASL aaaa	0E	3	6
Absolute, X	ASL aaaa,X	1E	3	7

BCC

Branch on Carry Clear

Operation: Branch on $C = 0$

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Relative	BCC aa	90	2	2*

*Add 1 if branch occurs to same page.

Add 2 if branch occurs to different page.

Note: AIM 65 will accept an absolute address as the operand (instruction format BCC aaaa), and convert it to a relative address.

BCS

Branch on Carry Set

Operation: Branch on $C = 1$

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Relative	BCS aa	B0	2	2*

*Add 1 if branch occurs to same page.

Add 2 if branch occurs to next page.

Note: AIM 65 will accept an absolute address as the operand (instruction format BCS aaaa), and convert it to a relative address.

BEQ

Branch on Result Equal to Zero

Operation: Branch on $Z = 1$

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Relative	BEQ aa	F0	2	2*

*Add 1 if branch occurs to same page.

Add 2 if branch occurs to next page.

Note: AIM 65 will accept an absolute address as the operand (instruction format BEQ aaaa), and convert it to a relative address.

BIT

Test Bits in Memory with Accumulator

Operation: $A - M, M_7 \rightarrow N, M_6 \rightarrow V$

Bit 6 and 7 are transferred to the Status Register. If the result of $A - M$ is zero then $Z = 1$, otherwise $Z = 0$

N Z C I D V
 $M_7 \checkmark$ ----- M_6

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Zero Page	BIT aa	24	2	3
Absolute	BIT aaaa	2C	3	4

BMI

Branch on Result Minus

Operation: Branch on $N = 1$

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Relative	BMI aa	30	2	2*

*Add 1 if branch occurs to same page.

Add 2 if branch occurs to different page.

Note: AIM 65 will accept an absolute address as the operand (instruction format BMI aaaa), and convert it to a relative address.

BNE

Branch on Result Not Equal to Zero

Operation: Branch on Z = 0

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Relative	BNE aa	D0	2	2*

*Add 1 if branch occurs to same page.

Add 2 if branch occurs to different page.

Note: AIM 65 will accept an absolute address as the operand (instruction format BNE aaaa), and convert it to a relative address.

BPL

Branch on Result Plus

Operation: Branch on N = 0

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Relative	BPL aa	10	2	2*

*Add 1 if branch occurs to same page.

Add 2 if branch occurs to different page.

Note: AIM 65 will accept an absolute address as the operand (instruction format BPL aaaa), and convert it to a relative address.

BRK

Force Break

Operation: Forced Interrupt PC + 2 ↓ P ↓

B N Z C I D V
1 - - - 1 - -

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	BRK	00	1	7

BVC

Branch on Overflow Clear

Operation: Branch on V = 0

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Relative	BVC aa	50	2	2*

*Add 1 if branch occurs to same page.

Add 2 if branch occurs to different page.

Note: AIM 65 will accept an absolute address as the operand (instruction format BVC aaaa), and convert it to a relative address.

BVS

Branch on Overflow Set

Operation: Branch on V = 1

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Relative	BVS aa	70	2	2*

*Add 1 if branch occurs to same page.

Add 2 if branch occurs to different page.

Note: AIM 65 will accept an absolute address as the operand (instruction format BVS aaaa), and convert it to a relative address.

CLC

Clear Carry Flag

Operation: 0 → C

N Z C I D V

--- 0 ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	CLC	18	1	2

CLD

Clear Decimal Mode

Operation: $0 \rightarrow D$

N Z C I D V
- - - - 0 -

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	CLD	D8	1	2

CLI

Clear Interrupt Disable Bit

Operation: $0 \rightarrow I$

N Z C I D V
- - - 0 - -

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	CLI	58	1	2

CLV

Clear Overflow Flag

Operation: $0 \rightarrow V$

N Z C I D V
- - - - 0

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	CLV	B8	1	2

CMP

Compare Memory and Accumulator

Operation: A — M

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ✓ ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	CMP #dd	C9	2	2
Zero Page	CMP aa	C5	2	3
Zero Page, X	CMP aa,X	D5	2	4
Absolute	CMP aaaa	CD	3	4
Absolute, X	CMP aaaa,X	DD	3	4*
Absolute, Y	CMP aaaa,Y	D9	3	4*
(Indirect, X)	CMP (aa,X)	C1	2	6
(Indirect), Y	CMP (aa),Y	D1	2	5*

*Add 1 if page boundary is crossed.

CPX

Compare Memory and Index X

Operation: X — M

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ✓ ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	CPX #dd	E0	2	2
Zero Page	CPX aa	E4	2	3
Absolute	CPX aaaa	EC	3	4

CPY

Compare Memory and Index Y

Operation: Y — M

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ✓ ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	CPY #dd	C0	2	2
Zero Page	CPY aa	C4	2	3
Absolute	CPY aaaa	CC	3	4

DEC

Decrement Memory by One

Operation: $M - 1 \rightarrow M$

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ — — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Zero Page	DEC aa	C6	2	5
Zero Page, X	DEC aa,X	D6	2	6
Absolute	DEC aaaa	CE	3	6
Absolute, X	DEC aaaa,X	DE	3	7

DEX

Decrement Index X by One

Operation: $X - 1 \rightarrow X$

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ — — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	DEX	CA	1	2

DEY

Decrement Index Y by One

Operation: $Y - 1 \rightarrow Y$

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ — — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	DEY	88	1	2

EOR

Exclusive-OR Memory with Accumulator

Operation: A V M → A

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ -----

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	EOR #dd	49	2	2
Zero Page	EOR aa	45	2	3
Zero Page, X	EOR aa,X	55	2	4
Absolute	EOR aaaa	4D	3	4
Absolute, X	EOR aaaa,X	5D	3	4*
Absolute, Y	EOR aaaa,Y	59	3	4*
(Indirect, X)	EOR (aa,X)	41	2	6
(Indirect), Y	EOR (aa),Y	51	2	5*

*Add 1 if page boundary is crossed.

INC

Increment Memory by One

Operation: M + 1 → M

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ -----

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Zero Page	INC aa	E6	2	5
Zero Page, X	INC aa,X	F6	2	6
Absolute	INC aaaa	EE	3	6
Absolute, X	INC aaaa,X	FE	3	7

INX

Increment Index X by One

Operation: X + 1 → X

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ -----

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	INX	E8	1	2

INY

Increment Index Y by One

Operation: $Y + 1 \rightarrow Y$

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ -----

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP Code	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	INY	C8	1	2

JMP

Jump

Operation: $(PC + 1) \rightarrow PCL$
 $(PC + 2) \rightarrow PCH$

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Absolute Indirect	JMP aaaa JMP (aaaa)	4C 6C	3 3	3 5

JSR

Jump to Subroutine

Operation: $PC + 2 \downarrow, (PC + 1) \rightarrow PCL$
 $(PC + 2) \rightarrow PCH$

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Absolute	JSR aaaa	20	3	6

LDA

Load Accumulator with Memory

Operation: M → A

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ --- -

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	LDA #dd	A9	2	2
Zero Page	LDA aa	A5	2	3
Zero Page, X	LDA aa,X	B5	2	4
Absolute	LDA aaaa	AD	3	4
Absolute, X	LDA aaaa,X	BD	3	4*
Absolute, Y	LDA aaaa,Y	B9	3	4*
(Indirect, X)	LDA (aa,X)	A1	2	6
(Indirect), Y	LDA (aa),Y	B1	2	5*

*Add 1 if page boundary is crossed.

LDX

Load Index X with Memory

Operation: M → X

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ --- -

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	LDX #dd	A2	2	2
Zero Page	LDX aa	A6	2	3
Zero Page, Y	LDX aa,Y	B6	2	4
Absolute	LDX aaaa	AE	3	4
Absolute, Y	LDX aaaa,Y	BE	3	4*

*Add 1 when page boundary is crossed.

LDY

Load Index Y with Memory

Operation: M → Y

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	LDY #dd	A0	2	2
Zero Page	LDY aa	A4	2	3
Zero Page, X	LDY aea,X	B4	2	4
Absolute	LDY aaaa	AC	3	4
Absolute, X	LDY aaaa,X	BC	3	4*

*Add 1 when page boundary is crossed.

LSR

Local Shift Right

Operation: 0 →

7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
---	---	---	---	---	---	---	---

 → C

N Z C I D V
0 ✓ ✓ ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Accumulator	LSR A	4A	1	2
Zero Page	LSR aa	46	2	5
Zero Page, X	LSR aa,X	56	2	6
Absolute	LSR aaaa	4E	3	6
Absolute, X	LSR aaaa,X	5E	3	7

NOP

No Operation

Operation: No Operation (2 cycles)

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	NOP	EA	1	2

ORA

OR Memory with Accumulator

Operation: A V M → A

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ -----

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	ORA #dd	09	2	2
Zero Page	ORA aa	05	2	3
Zero Page, X	ORA aa,X	15	2	4
Absolute	ORA aaaa	0D	3	4
Absolute, X	ORA aaaa,X	1D	3	4*
Absolute, Y	ORA aaaa,Y	19	3	4*
(Indirect, X)	ORA (aa,X)	01	2	6
(Indirect), Y	ORA (aa),Y	11	2	5*

*Add 1 on page crossing.

PHA

Push Accumulator on Stack

Operation: A ↓

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	PHA	48	1	3

PHP

Push Processor Status on Stack

Operation: P↓

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	PHP	08	1	3

PLA

Pull Accumulator from Stack

Operation: A↑

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ -----

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	PLA	68	1	4

PLP

Pull Processor Status from Stack

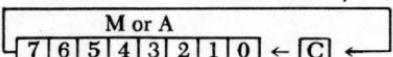
Operation: P↑

N Z C I D V
From Stack

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	PLP	28	1	4

ROL

Rotate Left

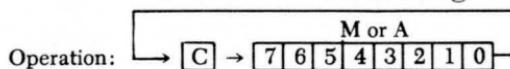
Operation: 

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ / -----

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Accumulator	ROL A	2A	1	2
Zero Page	ROL aa	26	2	5
Zero Page, X	ROL aa,X	36	2	6
Absolute	ROL aaaa	2E	3	6
Absolute, X	ROL aaaa,X	3E	3	7

ROR

Rotate Right



N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ✓ — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Accumulator	ROR A	6A	1	2
Zero Page	ROR aa	66	2	5
Zero Page, X	ROR aa,X	76	2	6
Absolute	ROR aaaa	6E	3	6
Absolute, X	ROR aaaa,X	7E	3	7

RTI

Return from Interrupt

Operation: P↑ PC↑

N Z C I D V
From Stack

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	RTI	40	1	6

RTS

Return from Subroutine

Operation: PC↑, PC + 1 → PC

N Z C I D V
— — — — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	RTS	60	1	6

SBC

Subtract from Accumulator with Carry

Operation: $A - M - \bar{C} \rightarrow A$

Note: $\bar{C} = \text{Borrow}$

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ✓ — — ✓

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Immediate	SBC #dd	E9	2	2
Zero Page	SBC aa	E5	2	3
Zero Page, X	SBC aa,X	F5	2	4
Absolute	SBC aaaa	ED	3	4
Absolute, X	SBC aaaa,X	FD	3	4*
Absolute, Y	SBC aaaa,Y	F9	3	4*
(Indirect, X)	SBC (aa,X)	E1	2	6
(Indirect), Y	SBC (aa),Y	F1	2	5*

*Add 1 when page boundary is crossed.

SEC

Set Carry Flag

Operation: 1 → C

N Z C I D V
— — 1 — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	SEC	38	1	2

SED

Set Decimal Mode

Operation: 1 → D

N Z C I D V
— — — 1 —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	SED	F8	1	2

SEI

Set Interrupt Disable Status

Operation: I → I

N Z C I D V
— — — 1 — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	SEI	78	1	2

STA

Store Accumulator in Memory

Operation: A → M

N Z C I D V
— — — — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Zero Page	STA aa	85	2	3
Zero Page, X	STA aa,X	95	2	4
Absolute	STA aaaa	8D	3	4
Absolute, X	STA aaaa,X	9D	3	5
Absolute, Y	STA aaaa,Y	99	3	5
(Indirect, X)	STA (aa,X)	81	2	6
(Indirect), Y	STA (aa),Y	91	2	6

STX

Store Index X in Memory

Operation: X → M

N Z C I D V
— — — — —

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Zero Page	STX aa	86	2	3
Zero Page, Y	STX aa,Y	96	2	4
Absolute	STX aaaa	8E	3	4

STY

Store Index Y in Memory

Operation: $Y \rightarrow M$

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Zero Page	STY aa	84	2	3
Zero Page, X	STY aa,X	94	2	4
Absolute	STY aaaa	8C	3	4

TAX

Transfer Accumulator to Index X

Operation: $A \rightarrow X$

N Z C I D V
✓ -----

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	TAX	AA	1	2

TAY

Transfer Accumulator to Index Y

Operation: $A \rightarrow Y$

N Z C I D V
✓ -----

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	TAY	A8	1	2

TSX

Transfer Stack Pointer to Index X

Operation: S → X

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	TSX	BA	1	2

TXA

Transfer Index X to Accumulator

Operation: X → A

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	TXA	8A	1	2

TXS

Transfer Index X to Stack Pointer

Operation: X → S

N Z C I D V

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	TXS	9A	1	2

TYA

Transfer Index Y to Accumulator

Operation: Y → A

N Z C I D V
✓ ✓ ---

Addressing Mode	Assembly Language Form	OP CODE	No. Bytes	No. Cycles
Implied	TYA	98	1	2

M/C mnemonics

6502 INSTRUCTION REPERTOIRE

MNEMONIC	FUNCTION
ADC	Add memory to accumulator with carry.
AND	AND memory with acQumulator.
ASL	Shift left 1 bit.
BCC	Branch on carry clear.
BCS	Branch on carry set.
BEQ	Branch on 0.
BIT	Test bits in memory with accumulator.
BMI	Branch on result negative.
BNE	Branch on result <> 0.
BPL	Branch on result positive.
BRK	Force break.
BVC	Branch on overflow clear.
BVS	Branch on overflow set.
CLC	Clear carry flag.
CLD	Clear decimal mode.
CLI	Clear interrupt disable.
CLV	Clear overflow flag.
CMP	Compare memory with accumulator.
CPX	Compare memory with X register.
CPY	Compare memory with Y register.
DEC	Decrement memory.
DEX	Decrement X register.
DEY	decrement Y register.
EOR	Exclusive OR memory with accumulator.
INC	Increment memory.
INX	Increment X register.
INY	Increment Y register.
JMP	Jump to specified location.
JSR	Jump to subroutine.
LDA	Load accumulator.
LDX	Load X register.
LDY	Load Y register.
LSR	Shift right 1 bit.
NOP	No operation.
ORA	OR memory with accumulator.
PHA	Push accumulator onto stack.
PHP	Push processor status onto stack.
PLA	Pull accumulator from stack.
PLP	Pull processor status from stack.

ROL	Rotate left 1 bit.
ROR	Rotate right 1 bit.
RTI	Return from interrupt.
RTS	Return from subroutine.
SBC	Subtract memory with borrow from accumulator.
SEC	Set carry flag.
SED	Set decimal mode.
SEI	Set interrupt disable.
STA	Store accumulator.
STX	Store X register.
STY	Store Y register.
TAX	Transfer accumulator to X register.
TAY	Transfer accumulator to Y register.
TSX	Transfer stack pointer to X register.
TXA	Transfer X register to accumulator.
TXS	Transfer X register to stack pointer.
TYA	Transfer Y register to accumulator.

Powers tables

Powers of 2

N	2	N
256	8	
512	9	
1,024	10	
2,048	11	
4,096	12	
8,192	13	
16,384	14	
32,768	15	
65,536	16	
131,072	17	
262,144	18	
524,288	19	
1,048,576	20	
2,097,152	21	
4,194,304	22	
8,388,608	23	
16,777,216	24	

Powers of 16

N	16	N
256	1	0
512	16	1
1,024	256	2
2,048	4,096	3
4,096	65,536	4
8,192	1,048,576	5
16,384	16,777,216	6
32,768	268,435,456	7
65,536	4,294,967,296	8
131,072	68,719,476,736	9
262,144	1,099,511,627,776	10
524,288	17,592,186,044,416	11
1,048,576	281,474,976,710,656	12
2,097,152	4,503,599,627,370,496	13
4,194,304	72,057,594,037,927,936	14
8,388,608	1,152,921,504,606,846,976	15
16,777,216		

Cartridge slot

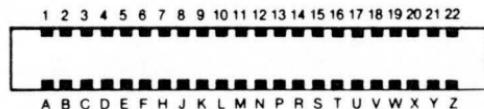
Cartridge Expansion Slot

Pin	Type
22	GND
21	CD0
20	CD1
19	CD2
18	CD3
17	CD4
16	CD5
15	CD6
14	CD7
13	DMA
12	BA

Pin	Type
11	ROML
10	1/02
9	EXROM
8	GAME
7	1/01
6	Dot Clock
5	CR/W
4	IRQ
3	+ 5V
2	+ 5V
1	GND

Pin	Type
Z	GND
Y	CA0
X	CA1
W	CA2
V	CA3
U	CA4
T	CA5
S	CA6
R	CA7
P	CA8
N	CA9

Pin	Type
M	CA10
L	CA11
K	CA12
J	CA13
H	CA14
F	CA15
E	S02
D	NMI
C	RESET
B	ROMH
A	GND

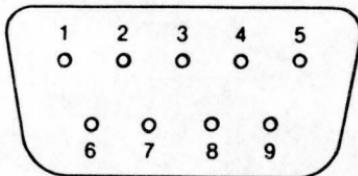


Joystick slot

- 1) Game I/O
- 2) Cartridge Slot
- 3) Audio/Video
- 4) Serial I/O (Disk/Printer)
- 5) Modulator Output
- 6) Cassette
- 7) User Port

Control Port 1

Pin	Type	Note
1	JOYA0	
2	JOYA1	
3	JOYA2	
4	JOYA3	
5	POT AY	
6	BUTTON A/LP	
7	+5V	MAX. 100mA
8	GND	
9	POT AX	



Control Port 2

Pin	Type	Note
1	JOYB0	
2	JOYB1	
3	JOYB2	
4	JOYB3	
5	POT BY	
6	BUTTON B	
7	+5V	MAX. 100mA
8	GND	
9	POT BX	

RS232 standards

EIA RS232-C (CCITT V24)

Notes

Transmission is serial (asynchronous).
MARK = binary 1 = OFF = -3 to -25 volts.
SPACE = binary 0 = ON = +3 to +25 volts.
25-pin "D" type connector.
Data Control Equipment (DCE) has female connector.
Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) has male connector.
Open circuit drive voltage cannot exceed 25 volts.
Terminator resistance 3-7K ohms.
50 foot maximum DCE, DTE separation.
2500 pico farad max conductor capacitance.

PIN	NAME	DIRECTION	CIRCUIT CCITT	EIA	FUNCTION
01	FG	-	101	AA	Frame Ground.
02	TD	To DCE	103	BA	Transmitted Data.
03	RD	To DTE	104	BB	Received Data.
04	RTS	To DCE	105	CA	Request To Send.
05	CTS	To DTE	106	CB	Clear To Send.
06	DSR	To DTE	107	CC	Data Set Ready.
07	SG	-	102	AB	Signal Ground.
08	DCD	To DTE	109	CF	Data Carrier Detect.
09		To DTE			Positive DC Test Voltage.
10		To DTE			Negative DC Test Voltage.
11	QM	To DTE	Bell 208A		Equaliser Mode.
12	(S) DCD	To DTE	122	SCF	Secondary Data Carrier Detect.
13	(S) CTS	To DTE	121	SCB	Secondary Clear To Send.
14	(S) TD	To DCE	118	SBA	Secondary Transmitted Data.
	NS	To DCE	Bell 208A		New Sync.
15	TC	To DTE	114	DB	Transmitter Clock.
16	(S) RD	To DTE	119	SSB	Secondary Received Data.
	DCT	To DTE	Bell 208A		Divided Clock Transmitter.
17	RC	To DTE	115	DD	Receiver Clock.
18	DCR	To DTE	Bell 208A		Divided Clock Receiver.
19	(S) RTS	To DCE	120	SCA	Secondary Request to Send.
20	DTR	To DCE	108.2	CD	Data Terminal Ready.
21	SQ	To DTE	110	CG	Signal Quality Detect.
22	RI	To DTE	125	CE	Ring Indicator.
23		To DCE	111	CH	Data Rate Selector.
		To DTE	112	CI	Data Rate Selector.
24	TC	To DCE	113	DA	EXT Transmitter Clock.
25		To DCE	Bell 113B		Busy.

CCITT V24 Circuit Definitions

Circuit 102 - Signal Ground or Common Return

This conductor establishes the signal common return for interchange circuits.

Circuit 103 - Transmitted Data

The data signals originated by the DTE, to be transmitted via the data channel to one or more remote data stations, are transferred on this circuit to DCE.

Circuit 104 - Received Data

The data signals generated by the DCE, in response to data channel line signals received from a remote data station, are transferred on this circuit to the DTE.

Circuit 105 - Request to Send

Controls the data channel transmit function of the DCE.

Circuit 106 - Ready for Sending

Indicates whether the DCE is conditioned to transmit data on the data channel.

Circuit 107 - Data Set Ready

Indicates whether the DCE is ready to operate.

Circuit 108/1 - Connect Data Set to Line

Controls switching of the signal-conversion or similar equipment to or from the line.

Circuit 108/2 - Data Terminal Ready

Controls switching of the signal-conversion or similar equipment to or from the line.

Circuit 109 - Carrier Detect

Indicates whether the received data channel line signal is within appropriate limits, as specified by the relevant recommendation for DCE.

Circuit 110 - Data Signal Quality Detector

Indicates whether there is a reasonable probability of an

error in the data received on the data channel.

Circuit 111 - Data Signalling Rate Selector

Used to select one or two data signalling rates of a dual-rate synchronous DCE, or to select one of the two ranges of data signalling rates of a dual-range synchronous DCE.

Circuit 112 - Data Signalling Rate Selector

Used to select one of the two data signalling rates or ranges of rates in the DTE to coincide with the data signalling rate or range of rates in use in a dual-rate synchronous or dual-range asynchronous DCE.

Circuit 113 - Transmitter Signal Element Timing

Provides the DCE with signal element timing information.

Circuit 114 - Transmitter Signal Element Timing

Provides the DTE with signal element timing information.

Circuit 115 - Receiver Signal Element Timing

Provides the DTE with signal element timing information.

Circuit 116 - Select Standby

Used to select the normal or standby facilities such as signal convertors and communication channels.

Circuit 117 - Standby Indicator

Indicates whether the DCE is conditioned in its standby mode with the pre-determined facilities replaced by their reserves.

Circuit 118 - Transmitted Backward Channel Data

Equivalent to circuit 103, except that it is used for data received on the backward channel.

Circuit 120 - Transmit Backward Channel Line Signal

Equivalent to circuit 105, except that it is used to control the backward channel transmit function of the DCE.

Circuit 121 - Backward Channel Ready

Equivalent to circuit 106, except that it is used to

indicate whether the DCE is conditioned to transmit data on the backward channel.

Circuit 122 - Supervisory Carrier Detect

Equivalent to circuit 109, except that it is used to indicate whether the received backward channel line signal is within appropriate limits.

Circuit 123 - Backward Channel Signal Quality Detector

Equivalent to circuit 110, except that it is used to indicate the signal quality of the received backward channel line signal.

Circuit 124 - Select Frequency Groups

Used to select the desired frequency groups available on the DCE.

Circuit 125 - Calling Indicator

Indicates whether a calling signal is being received by the DCE.

Circuit 126 - Select Transmit Frequency

Used to select the required transmit frequency of the DCE.

Circuit 127 - Select Receive Frequency

Used to select the required receive frequency of the DCE.

Circuit 128 - Receiver Signal Element Timing

Provides the DCE with signal element timing information.

Circuit 129 - Request to Receive

Used to control the receive function of the DCE.

Circuit 130 - Transmit Backward Tone

Controls the transmission of a backward channel tone.

Circuit 131 - Received Character Timing

Provides the DTE with character timing information.

Circuit 132 - Return to Non-Data Mode

Used to restore the non-data mode provided with the DCE, without releasing the line connection to the remote station.

Circuit 133 - Ready for Receiving

Controls the transfer of data on circuit 104, indicating whether the DTE is capable of accepting a given amount of data, specified in the appropriate recommendation for intermediate equipment, for example, error control equipment.

Circuit 134 - Received Data Present

Used to separate information messages from supervisory messages, transferred on circuit 104.

Circuit 191 - Transmitted Voice Answer

Signals generated by a voice answer unit in the DTE are transferred on this circuit to the DCE.

Circuit 192 - Received Voice Answer

Received voice signals, generated by a voice answering unit at the remote data terminal, are transferred on this circuit to the DTE.

Other CCITT "V" Interfaces

V10

Electrical characteristics for unbalanced double-current interchange circuits for general use with integrated circuit equipment in the field of data communications.

V11

Electrical characteristics for balanced double-current interchange circuits for general use with integrated circuit equipment in the field of data communications.

V15

Use of acoustic coupling for data transmission.

V16

Medical analogue data transmission modems.

V19

Modems for parallel data transmission using telephone signalling frequencies.

V20

Parallel data transmission modems standardised for universal use in the general switch telephone network.

V21

200-baud modem standardised for use in the general switched telephone network.

V22

Defines the procedures and standards for 1200 baud full duplex communications over the public switched network.

V23

600/1200-baud modem standardised for use in the general switched telephone network.

V24

List of definitions for interchange circuits between data terminal equipment and data circuit terminating equipment.

V25

Automatic calling and/or answering equipment on the general switched telephone network, including disabling of echo-suppressors on manually established calls.

V26

2400 bits per second modem standardised for use on 4-wire leased telephone-type circuits.

V26 (alternative)

2400/1200 bits per second modem standardised for use in the general switched telephone network.

V27

4800 bits per second modems with manual equaliser standardised for use on leased telephone-type circuits.

V27 (alternative 1)

4800 bits per second modems with automatic equaliser

standardised for use on leased telephone-type circuits.

V27 (alternative 2)

4800/2400 bits per second modems standardised for use in the general switched telephone network.

V28

Electrical characteristics for unbalanced double-current interchange circuits.

V29

9600 bits per second modems standardised for use in leased telephone circuits.

V31

Electrical characteristics for single current interchange circuits controlled by contact closure.

V35

Data transmission at 48 kilobits per second using 60-108 KHz group band circuits.

V36

Modems for synchronous transmission using 60-108 KHz group band circuits.

Centronics standards

CENTRONICS PARALLEL INTERFACE

Notes

Busy is set if:

- 1) Data is being received.
- 2) Printer is printing.
- 3) Printer is offline.
- 4) An error condition is present.

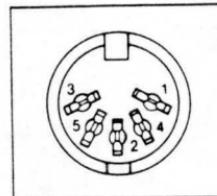
On pins 02-09 a high level represents binary ONE, a low level represents binary ZERO. All printable characters (i.e. codes having a ONE in DATA 6 or DATA 7) are stored in the printer buffer. Control characters (i.e. codes ZERO in both DATA 6 and DATA 7) are used to specify special control functions. These codes are not stored in the buffer except when they specify a print command and are preceded by at least one printable character in that line.

PIN	CODE	FUNCTION
01	STROBE	Read Data Pulse.
02	DATA 1	Data lines.
03	DATA 2	ditto.
04	DATA 3	ditto.
05	DATA 4	ditto.
06	DATA 5	ditto.
07	DATA 6	ditto.
08	DATA 7	ditto.
09	DATA 8	ditto.
10	ACKNLG	Data Received and Ready for More.
11	BUSY	Not Ready for Data.
12	PE	SET high when Out-of-Paper.
13	+5V	
14	AUTO FEED	Switch Set gives extra line-feed.
15	NC	No Connection.
16	GND LOGIC	Logic Ground.
17	GND CASE	Chassis Ground.
18	NC	No Connection.
19-30	GND	Signal Grounds.
31	INT	Reset and Buffer Clear.
32	ERROR	See Notes on BUSY.
33	GND	Signal Ground.
34	NC	No Connection.
35	+5V	
36	SLCT IN	Optional DC1/DC3.

Other output

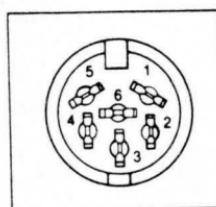
Audio/Video

Pin	Type	Note
1	LUMINANCE	
2	GND	
3	AUDIO OUT	
4	VIDEO OUT	
5	AUDIO IN	



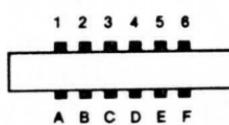
Serial I/O

Pin	Type
1	SERIAL SRQIN
2	GND
3	SERIAL ATN IN/OUT
4	SERIAL CLK IN/OUT
5	SERIAL DATA IN/OUT
6	RESET



Cassette

Pin	Type
A-1	GND
B-2	+5V
C-3	CASSETTE MOTOR
D-4	CASSETTE READ
E-5	CASSETTE WRITE
F-6	CASSETTE SENSE



User I/O

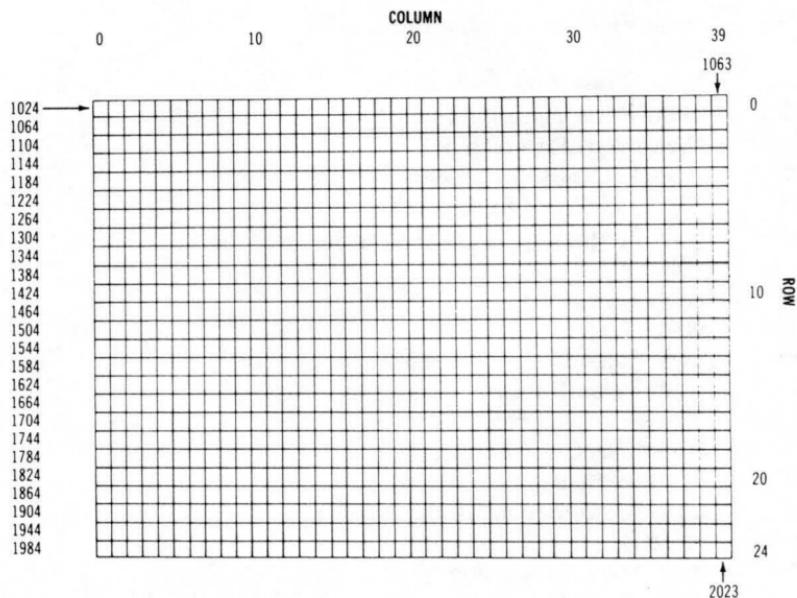
Pin	Type	Note
1	GND	
2	+5V	
3	<u>RESET</u>	MAX. 100 mA
4	CNT1	
5	SP1	
6	CNT2	
7	SP2	
8	<u>PC2</u>	
9	SER. ATN IN	
10	9 VAC	MAX. 100 mA
11	9 VAC	MAX. 100 mA
12	GND	

Pin	Type	Note
A	GND	
B	<u>FLAG2</u>	
C	PB0	
D	PB1	
E	PB2	
F	PB3	
H	PB4	
J	PB5	
K	PB6	
L	PB7	
M	PA2	
N	GND	

1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12



Screen memory



Sound chip registers

Byte	Description
00	Low Frequency value of note for voice 1
01	High Frequency value of note for voice 1
02	Low Pulse Rate for voice 1
03	High Pulse Rate for voice 1
04	Waveform for voice 1
05	Attack/Decay for voice 1
06	Sustain/Release for voice 1
07	Low Frequency value of note for voice 2
08	High Frequency value of note for voice 2
09	Low Pulse Rate for voice 2
10	High Pulse Rate for voice 2
11	Waveform for voice 2
12	Attack/Decay for voice 2
13	Sustain/Release for voice 2
14	Low Frequency value of note for voice 3
15	High Frequency value of note for voice 3
16	Low Pulse Rate for voice 3
17	High Pulse Rate for voice 3
18	Waveform for voice 3
19	Attack/Decay for voice 3
20	Sustain/Release for voice 3
21	High Frequency Cut-Off
22	Low Frequency Cut-Off
23	Turn on filtering
24	Set volume for all three voices Plus select filter type
25	Access To Output of envelope generator of voice 3
27	Digitised output from voice 3
28	Digitised output from envelope generator 3

Musical notes values

Note	Note-Octave	Hi Freq	Low Freq
0	C-0	1	18
1	C#-0	1	35
2	D-0	1	52
3	D#-0	1	70
4	E-0	1	90
5	F-0	1	110
6	F#-0	1	132
7	G-0	1	155
8	G#-0	1	179
9	A-0	1	205
10	A#-0	1	233
11	B-0	2	6
12	C-1	2	37
13	C#-1	2	69
14	D-1	2	104
15	D#-1	2	140
16	E-1	2	179
17	F-1	2	220
18	F#-1	3	8
19	G-1	3	54
20	G#-1	3	103
21	A-1	3	155
22	A#-1	3	210
23	B-1	4	12
24	C-2	4	73
25	C#-2	4	139
26	D-2	4	208
27	D#-2	5	25
28	E-2	5	103
29	F-2	5	185
30	F#-2	6	16
31	G-2	6	108
32	G#-2	6	206
33	A-2	7	53
34	A#-2	7	163
35	B-2	8	23
36	C-3	8	147
37	C#-3	9	21
38	D-3	9	159
39	D#-3	10	60
40	E-3	10	205
41	F-3	11	114
42	F#-3	12	32
43	G-3	12	216

Note	Note-Octave	Hi Freq	Low Freq
44	G#-3	13	156
45	A-3	14	107
46	A#-3	15	70
47	B-3	16	47
48	C-4	17	37
49	C#-4	18	42
50	D-4	19	63
51	D#-4	20	100
52	E-4	21	154
53	F-4	22	227
54	F#-4	24	63
55	G-4	25	177
56	G#-4	27	56
57	A-4	28	214
58	A#-4	30	141
59	B-4	32	94
60	C-5	34	75
61	C#-5	36	85
62	D-5	38	126
63	D#-5	40	200
64	E-5	43	52
65	F-5	45	198
66	F#-5	48	127
67	G-5	51	97
68	G#-5	54	111
69	A-5	57	172
70	A#-5	61	126
71	B-5	64	188
72	C-6	68	149
73	C#-6	72	169
74	D-6	76	252
75	D#-6	81	161
76	E-6	86	105
77	F6	91	140
78	F#-6	96	254
79	G-6	102	194
80	G#-6	108	223
81	A-6	115	88
82	A#-6	122	52
83	B-6	129	120
84	C-7	137	43
85	C#-7	145	83
86	D-7	153	247
87	D#-7	163	31
88	E-7	172	210
89	F-7	183	25
90	F#-7	193	252
91	G-7	205	133
92	G#-7	217	189
93	A-7	230	176
94	A#-7	244	103

Sprite memory diagram

Address (53248 +)	Description
00	X position of sprite 0
01	Y position of sprite 0
02-15	Ditto for sprites 1 through 7
16	Most Significant Bit of X position
17	Most Significant Bit of Y position
18	Raster Register
19	X position of Light Pen
20	Y position of Light Pen
21	Turn Sprite On
23	Expand Sprite in Y direction
24	Memory Pointers
25	Interrupt Register
26	Enable Interrupt
27	Sprite Data Priority
28	Multi-colour Sprites!
29	Expand Sprite in X direction
30	Sprite to Sprite collision
31	Sprite Data collision
32	Exterior colour
33	Background Colour 0
34	" " 1
35	" " 2
36	" " 3
37	Sprite multi-colour 0
38	Sprite multi-colour 1
39	Colour for sprite 0
40-46	Ditto for sprites 1 through 7

DUCKWORTH HOME COMPUTING

a new series

All books written by Pete Gerrard, former editor of *Commodore Computing International*, author of two top-selling adventure games for the Commodore 64 and a regular contributor to *Personal Computer News*, *Which Micro?* and *Software Review*.

USING THE COMMODORE 64

A complete look at the latest home computer from Commodore Business Machines. Starting with a refresher course in Basic Programming, it moves on through machine code, before considering in great detail sprites, graphics and sound. A section on peripherals, and then the heart of the book: an in-depth look at the chips that make it work, including the 6581 Sound Interface Device and the 6566 Video Controller Chip, as well as the heart of the computer, the 6510. The comprehensive appendices cover the full Basic and Machine Code Instruction sets, as well as several useful reference tables, and a complete machine code assembler/disassembler listing.

Available now £9.95

EXPLORING ADVENTURES ON THE COMMODORE 64

The complete guide to computer adventure games: playing, writing and solving them. Starting with an introduction to adventures, and their early history, it takes you gently through the basic programming necessary on the 64 before you can start writing your own games. Inputting of information, room mapping, movement, vocabulary, and everything required to write an adventure game are explored in full detail. Then follow a number of adventure scenarios, and finally three complete listings, written specially for the 64. The three games listed in this book are available on one cassette at £7.95.

Available now £6.95

Other titles in the series include *The Beginner's Guide to Computers & Computing*, *Sprites & Sound on the 64*, *12 Simple Electronic Projects for the VIC*, *Will You Still Love Me When I'm 64*, *Advanced Basic & Machine Code Programming on the VIC*, *Advanced Basic & Machine Code Programming on the 64*, *Exploring Adventures on the VIC*, as well as *Pocket Handbooks for the VIC*, *64, Dragon, Spectrum and BBC Model B*. Write in for a descriptive leaflet.



DUCKWORTH

The Old Piano Factory, 43 Gloucester Crescent, London NW1 7DY
Tel: 01-485 3484

Index

Arithmetic operators: 11
Arithmetic functions: 11
ASCII tables: 7
BAM formats: 29, 30, 32, 33
Basic commands: 9, 10
Cartridge slot: 77
CCITT V24 definitions: 80-83
CCITT V interfaces: 83-85
Centronics standards: 86
Code conversion tables: 15-18
Colour memory: 14
Dec/hex convertors: 42
Directory format: 31, 34
Directory structure: 26
Disk commands Basic 4: 19
Disk commands Basic 2: 20
Disk file formats: 27, 28
DOS error messages: 21-25
Error messages: 12, 13
Exramon listing: 35-39
Flow charting: 40, 41
Hyperbolic functions: 43
Input/output: 87, 88
Joystick slot: 78
Keyboard sequences: 8
Machine Code instruction set: 54-73
Machine Code mnemonics: 74, 75
Memory architecture: 51-53
Memory map: 46, 47
Musical note values: 91, 92
Page zero memory map: 44, 45, 46
Powers table: 76
ROM memory map: 48-50
RS232 standards: 79
Screen memory: 89
Sound chip registers: 90
Sprite memory diagram: 93

Duckworth Home Computing

A POCKET HANDBOOK FOR THE COMMODORE 64 by Peter Gerrard and Danny Doyle

This book contains all the vital information you will need when using your 64. There are sections on: ASCII tables – Basic keywords – Basic error messages – Colour memory – Conversion tables – Disk commands – Disk error messages – Disk formats – Extramon listing – Flow charting – Hex/Dec convertor – Hyperbolic functions – Memory maps – Memory architecture – M/C instruction set – M/C mnemonics – Powers tables – Cartridge slot – Joystick slot – RS232 standards – Centronics standards – Other output – Screen memory – Sound chip registers – Musical notes values – Sprite memory diagram. In short, everything you need to know about your machine.

ISBN 0-7156-1787-7



9 780715 617878

Duckworth
The Old Piano Factory
43 Gloucester Crescent, London NW1

ISBN 0 7156 1787 7

IN UK ONLY £2.95 NET